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ster of the Transfiguration students at St. Matthew's School, San Mateo, Calif. page 18].



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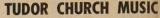
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LETTERS

NG CHURCH readers communicate with other using their own names, not als or pseudonyms. They are also d to give address and title or occupaand to limit their letters to 300 words. st letters are abridged by the editors.)

Fertile Field

hank you so much for the Rev. H. Boone er's article, "The Growing Edge," in the I 23d issue.

his article — and your editorial in the e issue — emphasize the fact that it is merely desirable, but mandatory, that Church take steps to strengthen the work he small towns and rural areas. This ns that the several dioceses will have ccept the small town mission church as integral part of the diocesan program they are not a dead loss to the diocese. se small congregations send most of their ig people to the urban centers for their ge education and work. If the "church home" has done its job well, these ig people seek out a church home in new location, and become active memin their new surroundings. If the "church : home" has been limited through a lack unds or clerical leadership, then these ig people will not seek out a new church e. And, of course, there is no telling how many small-town young people e to the urban center and receive Conation there because the Episcopal Church heir community back home influenced 1. They are unable to change their rch affiliation at home because the fam-'has always gone to First Church for all e generations," so they wait until they e to the city.

here is a stronger reason for the Church levelop its work in the small town and I area. The small town and rural perfor many reasons, is a very religious on. We sophisticated Episcopalians may always agree with the way that they ver some of the questions, but they do an abiding faith in God. If the Episal Church is a branch of the Holy Cath-Church, then she has a responsibility these people no less binding on her than responsibility to the urban communicant. he Episcopal Church is Catholic, then must be Evangelical, and there is no I more fertile than in this area. Certainly, e are fields equally fertile, but none e fertile.

(Rev.) John M. Flanigen, Jr. Priest-in-charge, St. Alban's Church gstree, S. C.

Something to Offer

reply to those who advocate merging Episcopal Church with other Churches, ish to say that it is my opinion that the scopal Church has something to offer the ple in its own right, and that those pers who stress merging with other Churches ken the Episcopal Church by this kind alk. Whether it be a merger with Presrians . . . or whether it be with Methots, as might seem more likely in view whence Methodism originated, or whether e "reunion" with Rome, as the leaders he Church of England have spoken of,

"in our time," such talk all has one result, and that is to weaken our present Episcopal Church in the United States.

The greatest contribution the Episcopal Church in the United States can make in the future is being itself! It has a reformed Catholic Church to offer the people. This should be offered humbly to the people, and it is my belief the people would go "all out" for it. The services are in English, which is helpful. The music the Church has at its command is classic. The things it can require of its members are tremendous. Yet, after considering all this, the total membership in the United States of Episcopalians is less than five million persons not even as many people as live in New York City. Something is the matter either with what the Episcopal Church has to offer, or with the way in which the Church is run and operated. Instead of talking about merging or reuniting, the clergy and lay leaders might better talk about how to strengthen the existing Episcopal Church in its own KENNARD LEWIS East Stroudsburg, Pa.

Seminaries

In reference to the article, "Central U.S. Theological College" [L.C., April 23d], we find another plea for bigness and efficiency. This seems to be the nature of our modern society. Let us hope that our seminaries do not become large and impersonalized.

The semi-cloistered life of our seminaries, in which there are close relationships between students and between students and faculty, contributes as much to the growth of priests-to-be as the merely academic subjects involved. A student is not a number, but a person.

Also, many of our seminaries are closely associated with large universities or important colleges (e.g. Berkeley and Yale) where seminary libraries are greatly augmented by the facilities of the universities.

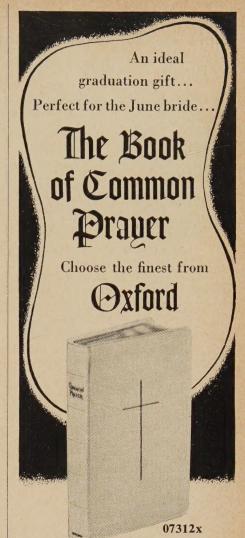
There certainly is no disagreement that our seminaries need support in some manner from the General Convention as well as more contributions from parishes, but regardless of the savings in cost for a regional seminary, the well-rounded training of a man for the priesthood is much better in the more personal surroundings of a small seminary community. (Rev.) Curtiss E. Ross

Vicar, St. Michael's Church Noblesville, Md.

Communism

Concerning the dispute over how pink the NCC might be, it might be well for us to ask ourselves just what it is in communism that we as Christians are committed to fight against. I am not at all sure that we are committed to fight communism as a system of economics. Nor am I sure that the obviously anti-Christian philosophy of history and religion brought in to support the economic theory is an inseparable part of the economic theory. The economics will stand or fall on whether it works to the satisfaction of the people under it, not on any theory of history or religion.

My point is that communism as an economic system is *not* by a long shot the major enemy Christians face. It is and will always be our *own* unwillingness to let the truth have free play to work itself out. It is this



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170 Remsen Street Brooklyn 1, New York which creates the interminable conflict with the bit of truth which the enemy always has on his side. A man is not anti-Christ because he is left or right, not in Moscow nor in Texas. It is to our shame that we did not more vigorously take up Mr. Khrushchev's challenge to meet the West on an economic basis when he was in the United States, and offer to let the best man win. In the long run that is what will happen in any case, and nothing we can do short of mutual annihilation can prevent it. If rather than to seek out and nourish the good in the other side we prefer to damn the enemy because we cannot face our own personal inadequacies, then we can expect to be destroyed. If we cannot in the freedom of Christ range up and down all the possible solutions to the world's economic and political problems without bitterness, then our life in Christ is a fake and destruction has already set in.

I do not pretend to know what sort of system is ideal or even permanently workable. I am not an economist. But I am sure that if we do not seek the Kingdom of God and His righteousness, none of these things will be added after. When we make a genuine love of God and of other people, like our neighbor Mr. Khrushchev, the basis for our economic quest, the right system, if there is such a thing, will have a chance to work itself out, but not until then.

U.S. News and World Report, March 27th, p. 76, relates that the Chinese Communists are giving up the commune system. Let us thank God for that and pray that the West will with even greater freedom abandon its unfruitful or once fruitful ways.

(Rev.) Earle Fox Student, Oxford University

Oxford, England

"Protestant"

In regard to the name of our Church, I would like to say that it is high time that we remove the word "Protestant" and call ourselves something else. Not only is the word "Protestant" misleading, but a liability rather than an asset. It is the fault of the Episcopal Church and her members if the word "Catholic" means Roman to most people. We try to tell the world we are not Roman; we forget to remind them that we are true Catholics because we believe in the seven Sacraments, two Creeds, and the Apostolic Succession.

Since it is the accepted opinion of both the Roman and Protestant world that one who is a Protestant rejects the apostolic ministry, the Catholic Sacraments, liturgy and sometimes the Creeds, we should drop the word Protestant from our name which has caused so much unhappiness and misunderstanding about Episcopalians.

We should not be afraid of the word Catholic (capital C) and take our rightful position in the Anglican Communion as part of the ONE HOLY CATHOLIC AND APOSTOLIC CHURCH.

HARVEY BYERS WANG Berkeley, Calif.

It seems very obvious unto all persons who attend a General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America (followed by what appears to be a fig leaf on the title page of the Book of Common Prayer, "Together with the Psalter or Psalms of David") that

there are both confusion and deep seated victions, and perhaps prejudice, as to catholicity and "protestanticity" of Church, and therefore, if a change any way seriously contemplated about name of our Church, it might be wis think in terms of all the "schools" of the which will be under the same roof in state of Michigan.

If a proposal is made at our next Ger Convention, it might be wise (for the of making a change) to make a prop which could have the approval of houses; to suggest a new title for this Chu It might read as follows:

THE PROTESTANT, CATHOLIC, EVANGELY BROAD, NARROW, HIGH, LOW, EPISCO CHURCH OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERI

With such a title, we can hardly ex too much of a debate on the floor. But, again, somebody might throw the "mor wrench" into the whole scheme by resoluthat such adjectives as "One," "Holy," "Apostolic" be included somewhere in proposed title. (Rev.) FRANK R. ALVA Church of St. A

Miami, Fla.

Store-Front Churches

The idea of the store-front churches [I] March 19th] interests me very much.

The issue of April 9th brings Mr. S rier's letter. Of course he is right about importance of the task, and we would sur not like to think that the clergy could too good for this ministry. I look at it ferently. The store-front church is an atteto reach people where they live and w geographically. Is it not also intended meet them where they think and act? V'o not lay people who earn their way in same kinds of work as those we hope a drop in be best able to tell what Christ the Church means to them: ranch hand ranch hand, shoe salesman to shoe salesm housewife to housewife, factory worker factory worker? And if they did it with Christian concern, not because the-Chun needs-a-store-front-church-here and Ithe-first-to-volunteer, they will humbly kn when specialists should be asked to help.

It seems to me that Mr. Spurrier's lel revealed a weakness in the Church e greater than the one he is pointing a failure to perceive that many major are of concern are challenges to clergy and I men, alike.

ERNESTE G. COTTR

(Mrs. C.

Ithaca, N. Y.

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Prayers for Church unity, missions, Arn Forces, world peace, seminaries, Church scho and the conversion of America are included in American Church Union Cycle of Prayer. Labelow are parishes, missions, individuals, etc., elect to take part in the Cycle by offering up Holy Eucharist on the day assigned.

May

- 14. St. James', Jamaica, N. Y.; Good Shephe New York, N. Y.
- 15. Rev. Alfred M. Smith, Jenkintown, Pa.
- 17. St. Paul's Cathedral, Springfield, Ill.
 - 8. Church of St. James the Less, Philadelp Pa.; St. Matthew's, Detroit, Mich.
 - Sisters of the Holy Nativity, Providence, R. St. Paul's, Shigawake, Quebec, Canada
- 20. Trinity, Haverhill, Mass.; Trinity, New Cast

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THINGS TO COME

Sunday after Ascension

Religious Life Sunday North Dakota convocation, Devils Lake, to 17th

Connecticut convention, Hartford Harrisburg convention, Harrisburg, Pa., to

Minnesota convention, St. Paul, to 17th

Rhode Island convention, Providence Southwestern Virginia council, Abingdon, to

Maine convention, Portland

Olympia convention, Seattle, Wash., to 20th Northern Michigan convention, Menominee, to

Western Massachusetts convention, Springfield, to 20th

Whitsunday Whit Monday

Whit Tuesday Ember Day

Ember Day Ember Day

Ember Sunday

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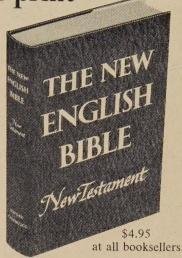
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BOOK REVIEWS:

Not to Be Forgotten

THE CATECHISM TODAY. Primary Principles of the Faith. By the Rt. Rev. **G. Ashton Oldham,** D.D., retired Bishop of Albany. Seabury Press. Pp. 143. \$1.75.

The clergy are constantly asking for "a good manual to use in Confirmation instruction." Bishop Oldham's little work on the essential facts of our Faith is excellent for this purpose, but it may be used even more widely than that — as Bishop Scaife suggests in the Preface to the new edition. It is useful for Bible classes, for Lenten reading, and for weekday religious education. It is suitable for the instruction of both young people and adults. If its contents were thoroughly understood and believed and acted upon we would no longer be an illiterate Church.

The Catechism Today shows how the Church's teaching falls naturally into five categories — Christian Covenant, Christian Creed, Christian Duty, Prayer, and Sacraments, and how these divisions have a logical connection. It affirms that we need a living faith, one that will lead to action and continually affect our conduct. As the themes unfold, we see man finding real prayer "possible only to those who experience a sense of need," but even fervent prayer is not enough for the embattled Christian; he is given spiritual food and sustenance in the Sacraments.

The entire book is excellent, but atten-

tion is drawn particularly to some of more forceful and vivid presentation the plea for more serious attitudes in g parents; the sound theology in the char called "Confirmation," when fallacies s as "joining the Church," and "renew one's baptismal vows" are swept aw "Confirmation is not what man does what God does. It is not a human actif but a divine gift." This much-needed phasis shows Confirmation as "not sor thing done but something receive There is a very important chapter on sacramental principle, a truth so tragical glossed over and taken for granted preparation to receive the Holy Comm ion, and yet essential to participation the sacramental life.

The book should not be handed and forgotten. It needs to be remarked, learned, discussed, digested, i lived. It should, moreover, be given the confirmands for future use, and wo thus be an excellent basis for perconfirmation instruction, and the popu "Inquirers' Classes." From the firm for dation of its teaching, mature Christ belief and practice may be built. It is be recommended for both clergy: laity.

Dora P. Chapt

A Substantial Contribution

THE SPIRIT OF PROTESTANT'S
By Robert McAfee Brown. Oxf.
University Press. Pp. xx, 264. \$44

The Spirit of Protestantism, by Right ert McAfee Brown, is a compliant of information about Church I tory, doctrine, and polity. It is a please to read a book which employs not technical language but which, at the sast time, gives evidence of thorough a sound theological training. The style



rous and ratiocinative. The Foreword ains that this book originated in a set ectures delivered in a parish. One ders if the people of the parish realthat the instruction that they were iving was to be the nucleus of a book as this. How lucky they were to r into the thoughts of their spiritual er in such a profound way. Clergywho feel themselves isolated in their lectual lives might well attempt to e their thoughts with their people as man has done so successfully.

he difficulties of writing a book like are quite obvious. The author quite 1 speaks of "Protestantism" when y he should say, "liberal Protestant-"Frequently when he speaks of the ormation, what he has to say would y more aptly only to the left wing of Reformation. It is not the author's that Protestantism is so hard to ie, but in this book he does not suffily admit the difficulty. His attitude rd Anglicanism is ambivalent. At point he seems to describe it along Roman Catholicism, but at another t he speaks of Anglicanism as being iblished at the time of the Reforma-

ne main point of the book is that estantism has a unique and positive oach to the Gospel and that it is not tive as many people suppose. In other is, the essence of Protestantism is in lamation rather than protest. Howeach time the author notes the ig "affirmations" of Protestantism, he ually talking about a doctrine which been strongly affirmed throughout the iolic tradition. Perhaps the author's point is that when Protestantism is to its own deepest insights, it bees a strong protagonist of Catholic 1. Certainly, no one would really want laim that Protestantism is a new

he weakest point of the book is in section on the Sacraments. Here, the or represents a sophisticated and inned point of view, but one which is nitely "left wing" Protestant. The t of the Eucharist is presented as ely psychological. When the author "Salvation is a gift conferred by and not by Sacraments," he seems niss the point that the conservative rches have always affirmed, i.e., that aments are a means of grace. The or is also concerned lest the Sacrats be thought of as limiting God's n. Again, the historic teaching about Sacraments is that God Himself works ugh Sacraments in the way in which has chosen to work.

he author thinks that Catholic teachconcerning Sacraments denies the prise of grace." He would deny, ini, the miracle of grace as God has en to bestow it through the Sacrats. Yes, God limits Himself in the aments as I limit myself to keep a promise. God limited Himself when He became man. Difficulty with Sacraments usually comes from difficulty with the Incarnation. Behind this seems to be the "left wing" Protestant idea that grace to be grace at all has to be unmeditated and separated, quite illogically, from the "means" of grace.

The final chapters outline what the author calls "on-going Protestant concerns." Most of what he says would apply to all of Christendom. In short, this book is a substantial contribution to the understanding of tensions, theological and organizational, within and between the Christian Churches. Though it fails in demonstrating either the uniqueness or the positive character of Protestantism, it accomplishes by its very failure a more important task, i.e., it points to the role of well-informed, theologically trained, left-wing Protestant thought in the ecumenical conversation.

WILLIAM H. BAAR

New Gateway

THE WAY OF THE ASCETICS. By Tito Colliander. Translated by Katherine Ferre. Harpers. Pp. 124. \$2.50.

Someone has called *The Way of the Ascetics* "The Church Fathers at the Coffee Hour." Nothing just like it has appeared before in English — this application of Eastern ascetic thought to life in our own way. The author recommends acceptance of ascetic principles as a way of life, but in a moderation which he tempers with humor, while evincing a profound comprehension for the average Christian in his daily warfare.

How simply practical these brief chapters are is evident from a sampling of the titles: "On the Sins of Others and One's Own"; "On Guarding Aganist the Reentry of Vanquished Evil"; "On Times of Darkness." The true ascetic life, says the author, is action, rather than passivity: "Faith comes, not through pondering, but through action." "To rest is to retreat." And with an insight most Christians will appreciate: "Take care not to bar the front entrance to evil, and leave the back door ajar."

The small book covers most of the daily experience of a life devoted to Christ, and its recipes for action and self-discipline are accompanied by the assurance derived from the Eastern Fathers—
"The only evil that can befall a Christian is sin."

The author of the book, born in Russia, is so steeped in the spiritual guidance of the Fathers of the early Church that he is constantly quoting them, almost unconsciously, and applying them to our times and mores. This is a new gateway into the garden of Eastern Church spirituality. The understanding introduction and notes by a prominent Anglican specialist in matters

Orthodox brings the book easily into the thinking of any Western Christian. The list of "simply and easily-obtained books in English" will be most helpful to anyone wishing further acquaintance with the spiritual treasures of the Orthodox Church.

DONALD A. LOWRIE

Mass Art

MOVIES, MORALS, AND ART. By Frank Getlein and Harold C. Gardiner, S.J. Sheed & Ward. Pp. vii, 179. \$3.50.

Hollywood is no more interested in movie art than Detroit is in efficient transportation," says Frank Getlein, in Movies, Morals, and Art.

Yet he sees the film as an art medium, in fact, "a mass art for the mechanized age." I like his description of this:

"Dependent on machinery and equally dependent, for financial reasons, on maximum audiences, the film became an expressive and powerful art form, combining the rhythmic qualities of music, poetry, and the dance with the character and action interests of fiction. Furthermore, the film came to combine both kinds of artistic virtue with the visual composition that makes the art of painting, except that now visual composition took place in motion."

Mr. Getlein warns against a legalistically puritanical judgment upon the movies, asking instead for an intelligent and compassionate awareness of the film as an art form. He is disarmingly frank, as well as refreshingly bright, in his comments on the famous portrayals of Roman Catholic clergymen and nuns in Hollywood motion pictures.

The Rev. Harold C. Gardiner, an admirable Church spokesman about culture, looks searchingly into the subject of immorality and brings to the reader's attention "another kind of immorality," that of presenting a mass public with the values of an utterly materialistic view of life. He draws the distinction wisely between "human acts" and "the acts of humans" and, with fine candor, observes that in the presentation of subject matter in films "the prime consideration is how almost any given subject matter is treated."

The Jesuit critic of films makes a demand, precisely that "sin be seen at least in some minimal sense as a distortion of the right order of things, and not as being 'normal.' "In his opinion, Tennessee Williams' movie Suddenly, Last Summer "is immeasurably more moral in impact" than Alfred Hitchcock's thriller North by Northwest. Fr. Gardiner's reason is that the former takes moral deviation seriously, if not precisely in theological terms, whereas Mr. Hitchcock's film remains most casual about any moral implications.

Fr. Gardiner specifies, under five headings, the charge by a French priest to the effect that the mass motion picture indus-

Continued on page 20

rejoice, rejoice, my spirit, in God my saviour; so tenderly has he looked upon his servant, humble as she is.

For, from this day forth, all generations will count me blessed, so wonderfully has he dealt with me, the Lord, the Mighty One.

His name is Holy;
his mercy sure from generation to generation
toward those who fear him;
the deeds his own right arm has done
disclose his might:

the arrogant of heart and mind he has put to rout, he has torn imperial powers from their thrones, but the humble have been lifted high.

The hungry he has satisfied with good things, the rich sent empty away.

He has ranged himself at the side of Israel his servant; firm in his promise to our forefathers, he has not forgotten to show mercy to Abraham and his children's children, for ever.

The Magnificat (Luke 1:46ff, New English Bible; see p. 16 of this issue)

The Living Church

nday after Ascension by 14, 1961 For 82 Years:

A Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Episcopal Church.

COPATE

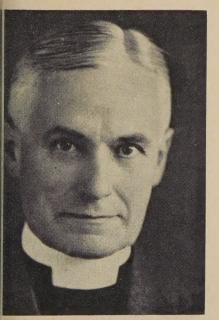
ath of Bishop Shires

The Rt. Rev. Henry H. Shires, retired ragan Bishop of California, suffered tal heart attack at his Berkeley, Calif., ne on April 29th, ending 50 years in sacred ministry. He would have been rears old in June, and he and his wife ld have celebrated their golden wed; anniversary in November.

ishop Shires had been in apparent is health until the end, and had been eduled to officiate at a service of Conation on April 30th.

ishop Pike and Suffragan Bishop Milof California officiated at a requiem harist on May 2d, after which Bishop es' body was cremated. When Grace nedral, San Francisco, is completed, ashes will be inurned therein.

ishop Shires was born in Troy, N. Y., 886. He studied at Cornell University at the General Theological Seminary, was ordained to the diaconate in 1 and to the priesthood in 1912. He ived the STD degree from the Gen-Seminary in 1941, the DD degree 1 the Pacific School of Religion in 5, and the DD degree from the Church nity School of the Pacific in 1951. e was vicar of St. John's Church,



Bishop Shires: Combination of gifts.

Bernardsville, N. J., from 1911 until 1913. From 1913 until 1915 he was rector of Christ Church, Jerome, Ariz.; from 1915 until 1918 he was rector of St. Luke's Church, Prescott, Ariz., and from 1918 until 1935 he was rector of Christ Church, Alameda, Calif. He was dean of the Church Divinity School of the Pacific from 1935 until 1950, when he was consecrated Suffragan Bishop of California. He retired from his episcopal post in 1958.

He was a deputy to General Convention four times before his consecration, and was co-author of the exposition of the book of Deuteronomy in the *Interpreter's Bible*. He was a joint editor of *Christianity and the Contemporary Scene*.

Two weeks after Bishop Shires retired, in 1958, Bishop Block of California died, and Bishop Shires returned to work to assist Bishop Pike, who became the diocesan. He continued to assist, as an archdeacon, until Bishop Millard became the suffragan, after which he continued to serve as a director of postulants and candidates for Holy Orders in the diocese, and confirmed and preached in various churches

Speaking of Bishop Shires' work in the diocese, Bishop Pike said:

"... Bishop Shires made so rich a contribution that words are inadequate to assess it. He was my dear companion and wise counsellor from the day I entered the episcopate here, and though 'retired' he never retired, serving to the end — he ... 'died with his boots on.'

"He admirably combined the gifts of scholarship, personal sanctity, practical wisdom, and great warmth and love of people. The diocese, immeasurably richer for his service here, is much the poorer for his passing.

"May his soul rest in peace."

CUBA

Back Home

Bishop Blankingship of Cuba, along with his wife, has left Cuba and arrived in the United States. The two do not expect to return.

Bishop Blankingship was consecrated Bishop of Cuba in 1939, after having served 12 years as dean of the cathedral in Havana. The 66-year-old bishop had announced his intention to retire on December 31st [L.C., March 5th]. At the February convocation of the missionary district of Cuba, at which Bishop Blankingship announced his retirement, a resolution was passed thanking the American Church for its contribution to the life of the Cuban Church, both in money and in the leadership of devout American missionaries "who were instrumental in the planting and developing of the Church in the island."

A spokesman for the Overseas Department of the National Council said he assumed the affairs of the missionary district are being overseen by the Very Rev. Romualdo Gonzalez-Agűeros, dean of the Havana cathedral and senior priest in the district, who has temporarily moved into Bishop Blankingship's house. At press time, there was only one US citizen working in the Church in Cuba: Miss Eleanor Clancy, who has been principal of the Sarah Ashhurst School at Guantanamo. In view of the fact that the Cuban government has announced its intention to take over all Church schools in the country, Miss Clancy is expected to return to the United States.

The clergy of the missionary district of Cuba number 20 parochial and 11 non-parochial clergymen. The 44 parishes and missions include a dozen which have both Spanish- and English-speaking congregations, and one, the cathedral, which also has a West Indian-speaking congregation.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS

A Texas Bill

At a hearing before the House State Affairs Committee of the Texas State legislature, the Rev. Das Kelley Barnett, professor of Christian social ethics at the Episcopal Seminary of the Southwest, Austin, Texas, appeared to speak against a bill which is pending before the legislature. The bill would provide a fine of \$100 to \$500 for any person who refuses to leave the premises of a business when he is ordered to leave by the proprietor and when it becomes "unequivocably" clear the business is being hurt.

"If you are interested in stopping the sit-ins," Dr. Barnett told the committee, "this isn't the way to do it." He said that merchants in Austin and other Texas cities "have skillfully handled the matter and avoided the demonstration" by quiet negotiations. Although the intentions of

the bill are good, he said, it leads "into an area which is a no man's land where the law is concerned."

After this statement, according to a report of the hearing in the April 15th issue of the *Texas Observer*, Dr. Barnett was questioned in the following manner:

Q. You stated you were a minister of the Gospel. What denomination?

A. Episcopalian.

Q. Have you always been an Episcopalian?

A. What do these questions have to do with the bill we're discussing? [Dr. Barnett, a former Southern Baptist, became an Episcopalian nearly 10 years ago.]

Q. Do you refuse to answer the question?
A. I submit that the history of my ministry isn't pertinent here.

When he was asked if he thought it should be lawful for a group to come into a store, take it over, and force an owner to close, Dr. Barnett said:

"The Christian is committed to obeying the law when he believes the law is based on the word of God." He added, "To the Christian, civil disobedience is often obedience to God. Sometimes when rights cannot be secured by legislation, we've long recognized the rights of non-violent protest."

Dr. Barnett was asked: "Are you now or have you ever belonged to the Communist Party?" He replied: "I say this question has no pertinence." When asked the question later, he said, "I consider that an insult. This committee is turning itself into an investigating committee. I am a man whose record is known. I assume you are a patriotic, loyal American, and I think you should assume I am also."

One of the legislators, referring to Dr. Barnett's description of the sit-ins as an international movement, asked him if he was a member of any such international movement. Dr. Barnett replied: "Yes, I'm a member of one great international movement — the Church of Jesus Christ."

After acknowledging that he was once a member of an organization called the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, but that he had "got out when I learned what they were doing," Dr. Barnett said, "I have fought Communism for years. I've written articles about the nature of it. I'll be glad to let you see them for the record."

One of the legislators claimed the bill was not a segregation measure. "I'd hesitate to carry a segregation measure," he said, claiming that the bill would prevent discrimination on the basis of race, creed, or color. "You or I or John F. Kennedy could be asked to leave a place of business without discrimination under the bill," he said. The bill was later amended to exempt blind people with seeing eye dogs from its effects.

Another legislator, toward the close of the hearing, said:

"This is strictly just a racial bill. I don't think anybody in this state is interested in



From left: Under Secretary of State Chester Bowles, Dean Sayre, and Bishop Reeves
The statement urged abandonment or drastic revision.

getting white people out of stores. I know I've never been told to leave a store. . . .

"If you report this bill to the House floor it'll pass for sure, and it'll create more tension and more racial trouble. You've been quizzing all these people about Communism, but you're the ones who are bringing on Communism in passing bills like these. . . .

"Courage is not too much in evidence in these halls. . . . If this bill gets to the floor it'll pass the whole House, because people will be thinking about the next election. Think of the next generation and not the next election. . . .

"Everybody ought to be treated as human beings. There are rights that belong to every man just because he's a human being — a person:"

The bill was referred to a subcommittee, received a favorable report, and at press time was on the legislative calendar.

Acquittal

University of California senior Robert J. Meisenbach has been acquitted of assault charges lodged against him in connection with the demonstrations against the House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings in San Francisco last spring [L.C., May 29, 1960].

Mr. Meisenbach was accused of attacking San Francisco patrolman Ralph E. Schaumleffel with his nightstick. The incident was described in the sound track of the film, "Operation Abolition," in words which are consonant with J. Edgar Hoover's report, "Communist Target — Youth":

"One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head. The mob surged forward as if to storm the doors, and a police inspector ordered the fire hose turned on. The water forced the crowd to the head of the balustrade, and the cold

water had a sobering effect on the emotion of the demonstrators."

Patrolman Schaumleffel agreed during cross-examination at the Meisenbach to that the fire hoses were turned on before the alleged attack on his person. This we brought out after the officer was shown news photographs which showed Meisenbach well toward the rear of the crowd before, during, and after the hosing.

Quotas Questioned

"We are critical and ashamed of t present basis of our quota system," we part of the wording of a statement adopted by participants in a recent Co sultation on Immigration Policy in t U.S.

The consultation, which was sponsors by Church World Service and the Dipartment of International Affairs of ti National Council of Churches, was he in Washington, D. C., on April 13th and 14th. The statement was referred to the Churches for study.

The statement said, "While recogning the limitations imposed by our economy and related factors to absorb a unlimited number of immigrants, nevertheless we feel that the thrust of our basic law neither adequately reflective."

The Living Church Development Progra

The purpose of this fund is to keep THE LIVEL CHURCH alive and keep it growing. Contribution from readers are acknowledged by individual recipts mailed to them and are recognized as legit mate charitable deductions on federal income to returns.

Previously acknowledged \$1,682." Receipt Nos. 1907-2058, April 26-May 2 1,881.

\$3,564.2

ristian concern nor furthers our naual interest responsibly." The present is of the quota system, the statement nted out, rests "upon the national in of our white population as per the sus of 1920."

In particular," the statement said, "we strongly urge the abandonment of current system or a drastic revision it in a direction which will exclude racial or regional discrimination ong those who seek to enter our land, addition, we believe that the same dard of justice which is applied to ve born Americans should also be lied to naturalized Americans."

mong the participants or speakers at conference were Chester Bowles, der Secretary of State; Senator Kena B. Keating of New York; Dr. Ros-P. Barnes, U.S. secretary of the rld Council of Churches; Dr. Paul C. pie, of the National Lutheran Counand Mrs. Muriel Webb, of the Departit of Christian Social Relations of the scopal Church's National Council. Rt. Rev. R. Ambrose Reeves, former top of Johannesburg, attended. Bishop ves is currently on a speaking tour in country.

E RELATIONS

Indictment

grand jury refused to indict a white onvict who was accused of striking a ro Episcopal priest during a racial ionstration in Chattanooga, Tenn. 3, April 2d].

he Rev. Robert B. Hunter, priest-inge of the Church of St. Mary the in, Chattanooga, was struck by Harry it, 34, while watching a group of ng Negroes attempt to purchase tick-to a "white" motion-picture theater. Ir. Light was cleared by the Hamilton nty (Tenn.) Grand Jury of state ast and battery charges. A city judge fined Mr. Ligt \$50 on a similar city ge.

plication from Russia

he Russian Orthodox Church has apd for membership in the World Council Churches.

he application, which was made by Holy Synod of the Church, was sent he WCC by His Holiness Alexei, Parch of Moscow and of all Russia. The lication stated that the Russian Church 30,000 priests, 73 bishoprics, 20,000 shes, 40 monasteries, and eight theoral schools. The membership figures the Church were not given, but esties range from 30 to 90 million.

he WCC will consider the Russian rich's application at the World Assemto be held next November in New

Delhi, India. At the same time applications will be considered from the Moravian Church in the Western Cape Province, South Africa; the United Church of Central Africa, Northern Rhodesia; and the Pentecostal Church of Chile, as well as others.

Dr. Franklin Clark Fry, president of the United Lutheran Church in America and chairman of the WCC's Central Committee, said that receiving the Russian Church "would involve fewer open questions and hazards in 1961 than would have been gladly accepted in 1948 [when the WCC was formed]."

He said that "the World Council is an entity with already established characteristics and methods of procedure. There are abundant precedents out of the formative years. We are sure that every study and activity will be based on Biblical theology, not political casuistry." He said the Russian Church's application, having undergone thorough investigation, "gives us the right to act on the assumption that the future course [of the WCC] is to be an extension of principles of the past."

In his Church's application, Patriarch Alexei said that "the Russian Orthodox Church has always attached the utmost importance to the problems of mutual rapprochement between all Christians, the deepening of mutual understanding among divided Christians and the strengthening of universal brotherhood, love, and peace among the nations on the basis of the Gospel."

The Most Rev. Henry Knox Sherrill, former Presiding Bishop of the Episcopal

They Blaze a Pathway to the Moon

***TENTERS SAFELLE JOHNSON

***TENTERS DOUBLE A DO

A "spacemen's hymn" appears in a new songbook for children, Sing for Joy, soon to be published by Seabury Press. The words of "They Blaze a Pathway to the Moon," by Victoria Saffelle Johnson, are set to the tune, "Ellacombe." A letter to THE LIVING CHURCH suggested a stanza for hymn 513 (The Hymnal 1940) to invoke God's blessing on those engaged in the newest form of travel [L.C., March 26th].

Church and a WCC president, said he had "high hopes" that the Russian Church's application would be accepted at the New Delhi assembly. He said, however, that if the Russian Church does join the WCC "we don't have to assume we have to accept all their plans, including those for world peace."

Membership of the Russian Orthodox Church would, according to Religious News Service, bring to 12 the total number of Orthodox bodies in the WCC.

MISSIONS

Departmental Response

The charge that the overhead of an operation is too small is almost unique in Church and civic affairs. But this in substance was the question raised by the Gray Report in its evaluation of the internal administration of the Overseas Department of the National Council.

Though the \$3,000,000 budget of the Overseas Department is larger than that of any other National Council Department, its executive staff through a good part of the 1950s consisted of only a director and two assistant secretaries. The Home Department, spending about \$1,000,000 less per year, had 12 officers. Christian Education had 31 executives and associates, Social Relations had eight, and Promotion had six, although the budgets of all three of these Departments together amounted to less than half the Overseas budget.

The Response of the Overseas Department to the Report of the Committee of Conference on Overseas Missions (the Gray Report), which was made public at the April National Council meeting [L.C., May 7th] deals in some detail with the Committee's recommendations for expanded Department functions.

On improvement of "recruitment and personnel logistics," called for by the Committee, the Department agreed that every effort should be made for improvement in recruitment and training of missionaries and in sending them overseas and supporting them in the field. Neither document spelled out specifics in this area.

On strengthening its program of Pan-Anglican relations, the Department replied that it makes "an earnest effort to maintain creative Pan-Anglican relations" through correspondence between the director and Anglican bishops overseas and with other Anglican missionary societies, and between the director and the executive officer of the Advisory Council on Missionary Strategy (Bishop Bayne). The inference is that the Department thinks this is enough, while the Committee thinks it is not.

The Department rejected the Report's recommendation that regional assistants or secretaries be appointed for overseas fields, specifically one for Latin America, saying that "under present conditions and

our Episcopal polity, regional secretaries are not necessary."

During the current triennium, the Department staff has increased from three to five — a director, an associate director, an associate secretary, and two assistant secretaries. Various recommendations of the Gray Report for assignment of officers to particular functions may have been met by anticipation, while others may still remain to be carried out or rejected. Following through on these will undoubtedly be a part of the agenda of the new Committee on Evaluation and Strategy of the Mission of the Church, set up by the National Council at its December and February meetings.

The Report called for the assignment of officers:

To direct the education of prospective missionaries. Response: An officer is assigned to supervise training of missionary personnel, and conferences have been set up for further training.

To supervise in-service training of missionaries already appointed. Response: Director and associate director supervise granting of extended furloughs and financial support for graduate study.

To maintain liaison with and advise overseas schools that prepare nationals of other countries for ordination. Response: The office of the director does this, and has arranged for seminary professors to visit overseas seminaries from time to time for conference and counsel.

To maintain liaison between the several mission fields and various departments and agencies at home, "so that necessary services may be provided." Response: The Department recognizes the need; to meet it, Christian Education has appointed an officer from the overseas field to give full time to Christian Education liaison. Officers from other Departments and General Divisions - Social Relations, Promotion, Laymen's and Women's Work, Research and Field Study, and Finance (through its traveling auditor) "have visited the overseas fields from time to time and have given great help and encouragement to our people on the field. Without doubt such coöperation should be continued and extended.'

Communions and inter-Church agencies. Response: Officers are now members of 31 or more inter-Church committees in which they "strive to achieve a closer working relationship with other Communions involved in the Christian missionary enterprise overseas."

Speaking generally on the question of appointing additional officers for these functions, the Response says: "The Department calls attention to its extremely limited resources of men and money, to which the Committee of Conference rightly referred in its report, and is of the opinion that many desirable additions to the staff at headquarters must rightly wait until the Church has greatly in-

creased its strength and support in its fields overseas."

Finally, the Gray Report called for "expanding the functions of the officer now in charge of the education of clergy and people at home in the Church's missionary task," commenting that the published material on the several mission fields needed radical revision and updating.

The Response, recognizing that "the Church has not been aroused to a full sense of its missionary obligation," reports forward steps that have been taken "in recent months." The full text of this section follows:

"Admittedly the Church has not been aroused to a full sense of its missionary obligation. The education of the clergy and the people of the Church in this regard cannot be the responsibility of the Overseas Department alone, nor even of the National Council. It is a responsibility shared by several Departments and General Divisions of the Council and by all dioceses and parishes. The Overseas Department recognizes its responsibility, within this task, for an interpretation of the Church's overseas mission and has a full-time officer assigned to this task. He works closely with the Departments of Promotion and Christian Education.

"The work of this officer has been greatly strengthened by the formation, in recent months, of the Directors' Committee on Missionary Education, through which the directors of all Departments and General Divisions give leadership to a united program for education on the Church's missionary task. The first thrust of this committee has been the preparation of a Unified Parish Program for Missionary Education, which will provide a framework within which the widest possible use may be made of all missionary education resources, including those produced by the National Council of Churches' Commission on Missionary Education. It will also evaluate and keep under review the materials and resources for mis-



Fr. Mitchell (with guitar) instructs choristers
Worthy to be offered to God.

sionary education within the Episco

"Upon the Department of Promotion been laid the heavy responsibility for lishing materials on the several over fields. An additional officer, experience missionary education, has recently added to the Publications Division in Department of Promotion, one of womajor responsibilities is to provide for view, updating and the creation of materials on the Church's mission fields. Secretary for interpretation in the Overs Department is working closely with officer."

The Response is signed by the Rt. I Thomas H. Wright, chairman, the Rev. Stephen F. Bayne, Jr., the Rt. I Oliver L. Loring, the Rt. Rev. William Creighton, the Rev. Gardiner M. I Mr. Harrison Garrett, Miss Leila Ansson, Mrs. Richard T. Loring.

THE ARTS

Folk Music in the Chapel

The folk-music Mass by the Rev. Mitchell, vicar of St. Anne's Church, Cago, was used twice on April 23d in chapel at Seabury-Western Theolog, Seminary, Evanston, Ill.

The Eucharist was celebrated by Rev. Scott Jones, Episcopal chaplam Northwestern University, before a gregation composed largely of Norwestern students. The chapel was fill for both the 9:30 and the 11:00 a services. The Canterbury choir of university supplied the music.

Fr. Mitchell recently gave a program as a part of a regular concert series. Shimer College, Mt. Carroll, Ill. was he had a "marvelous reception" [L. April 23d]. It is Fr. Mitchell's content that "any good contemporary music worthy of being offered to God."

In addition to being engaged in a capaign to rebuild the burned-out St. Ann Church [L.C., January 15th], Fr. Mitchel with others, is currently working on musical dramatic production schedule for presentation this summer.

ANGLICAN COMMUNION

Uganda and Ruanda-Urun Province Inaugurated

The Province of Uganda and Ruand Urundi was inaugurated by Archbish Fisher of Canterbury on April 16th who in spite of torrential rains, thousands people packed the Namirembe Cathediat Kampala, Uganda, for the ceremonia

At the same time, the Archbishop i stalled the Most Rev. Leslie Brown, former Bishop of Namirembe, as Archbishof the new Province.

Dr. Fisher was accompanied in the pacession by Archbishop de Blank of Cartown, Archbishop Hughes of Central Africa, and Archbishop Beecher of Ea

ca. The Archbishop of West Africa, ole to attend, sent a representative. services, which were attended by repntatives of the new Province's eight eses, was conducted throughout in anda and English, the two languages g employed simultaneously in the ins, psalms, and prayers.

ivic as well as ecclesiastical dignitaries nded the services, among them being Kabaka and Nabagereka (King and en) of Uganda and the Umwami g) of Ruanda.

r. Fisher is quoted in the Uganda us as saying in his sermon that all ca is in a "ferment of change."

One country after another in Africa gained or is gaining its independ-," he said, adding:

Others are still in the travails of re-. Uganda has its own internal conof interest not yet solved; but, as I ve, ready for a happy solution if all let goodwill silence their fears.

Kenya and Central Africa [are] in unconflict, but with no barriers that ence, restraint, and regard for others ot solve; . . . the Congo [is] snatchat an independence it [does] not know to use and [is] falling into the dreadhorrors of civil disorder and violence; h Africa [has] a political system ch is] sincerely defended by Chrisone Church but utterly conned by others as un-Christian.

Why is it that all over Africa political social evolution should breed so much rness and hostility? Why should there his always wasteful, sometimes terrifysometimes diabolical, spirit of strife, this not only in Africa but in so many r countries as well?

he Archbishop told the congregation o out and start the life of the new vince, not letting the Devil tempt them oubts, hesitations, fears, and quarrels. he inauguration came during Dr. er's last Africa trip as Archbishop of terbury. Dr. Fisher, who is retiring 31st, has inaugurated a total of four vinces: West Africa (1951), Central ca (1955), East Africa (1960), and Uganda and Ruanda-Urundi.

ruring his African visit the Archbishop anterbury laid the marble foundation e of St. Andrew's Cathedral of the ese of Mbale, using a hammer modon those used locally for making celoth

t Gulu, the site of the cathedral of thern Uganda, Dr. Fisher planted e trees in soil made muddy by rains. eclare this tree well and truly planted!" aid after ministering to one small tree a heavy hoe, and, mud oozing around shoes, he proceeded to plant the other

Later he preached, while a young can held an umbrella over him to pro-

him from heavy rains.

r. Fisher paid a surprise visit to St. ph's Roman Catholic Cathedral in u. He was guided around the catheby the Rev. Charles Kutone, secre--general for education in the Northern Province of the Roman Catholic

The Provincial Assembly of the Church of the Province of Uganda and Ruanda-Urundi held its first meeting on the day after the Province's inauguration. The Assembly decided to send representatives to the New Delhi meeting of the World Council of Churches later in the year, and to apply for membership in the WCC.

SEMINARIES

How to Spend a Summer

For the second year in a row, Nashotah House, the Episcopal seminary in Nashotah, Wis., will offer a graduate summer school for clergy. The school will be held from July 31st until September 2d.

Four courses will be offered, both for graduate students seeking credit toward an advanced degree, and for clergymen who wish to enrich their ministry through continued education. The courses for 1961 will be "The Intertestamental Literature," "Studies in the History of the American Episcopal Church," "The Christian Person," and "Priest, Parish, and Community."

Editor's Note: We regret that erroneous information about these courses was published in the April 23d issue of THE LIVING CHURCH.

LAYMEN

Pulitzer Prize in Texas

Two Churchmen were in part responsible for the receipt by the Amarillo, Texas, Globe-Times of the Pulitzer prize for "disinterested and meritorious public service rendered by a US newspaper.'

Thomas H. Thompson, editor of the paper and a columnist, is a member of St. Andrew's Church, Amarillo.

Churchman John S. Masterman, also a member of St. Andrew's Church, was the reporter who covered incidents related to exposure of "breakdown in law enforcement" and subsequent improvements.

The award is reported to be the first Pulitzer prize for public service given to a Texas newspaper.

NEVADA

A Test

"Offer to become a Communist with the reservation that you will give 1% of your income and none of your time for the spread of Communistic tenets," suggested Bishop Wright of Nevada to the district's convocation, pointing out the need of a better sense of mission for the Christian Church. As an alternate test, he suggested offering "to become a member of Islam with the reservation that you will pray only once a week." The bishop asked, "Is there any immediacy in the fact that both Communism and Islam this year will win more converts than Christianity? This is being done, my brethren, by methods we have despised — by working, praying and giving.'

The convocation of the missionary district of Nevada, meeting at St. Peter's Church, Carson City, Nev., on April 8th and 9th, solved the problem of adopting a budget by sending the proposed budget back to the committee on finance for further study. The committee will report to the executive council, and the final budget will be fixed and the costs apportioned by that body.

ELECTIONS. Standing committee: Rev. A. P. Daughters, Warren Hall, R. T. Ross. Deputies to General Convention: Rev. W. B. Williamson, J. P. Thatcher. Alternates to General Convention: Rev. T. H. Jarrett, W. R. Orr. Delegates to provincial synod: clerical, A. P. Daughters, J. T. Ledger, D. K. Wilson; lay, W. R. Orr, J. M. Wallace, Weld Arnold. Alternates to provincial synod: clerical, T. H. Jarrett, J. R. Nicholas, H. H. Parsons; lay, Francis Brown, Lee Tilman, Oliver Ferrari. Executive council: clerical, W. B. Williamson, T. H. Kerstetter, T. H. Jarrett; lay, G. J. Adams, Dale Miller, J. P. Thatcher.

ENGLAND

Asked to Continue

The Most Rev. Geoffrey Francis Fisher. retiring Archbishop of Canterbury, submitted his resignation from the presidency of the British Council of Churches, a position he has held since 1945.

The executive committee, however, has asked Dr. Fisher to continue in office until the Council holds its fall meeting.

The executive committee said that it would propose at a Council meeting that a representative committee be set up to consider filling the presidency.

Revision

The 1961 edition of the book, Getting Married, which is published by the British Medical Association, includes an article by Bishop Mortimer of Exeter condemning pre-marital sex relations.

The 1959 edition of the book was withdrawn after Church leaders had denounced an article in it which bore the title, "Is Chastity Outmoded?", written by Dr. Eustace Chesser, who resigned from the medical association when the book was withdrawn. Dr. Winifred de Kok, who edited the 1959 book, also resigned.

In his article, Bishop Mortimer says that "there is a certain plausibility in the suggestion that sexual experience before marriage would be a good thing, but this advice is profoundly untrue.'

He goes on to say, "If the sexual act is used to express trivial and passing emotion, or appears uninhibited and sophisticated, it becomes less effective as an expression of love. Chastity is an old-fashioned word, but it is not an old-fashioned [RNS]

A Success Story



Fr. Foland looks out over part of Hillspeak The idea was financially impractical.

n some ways, the Episcopal Book Club is unique: It is the only book club in the world which serves, specifically, Churches of the Anglican Communion; its staff, according to the world's standards, is underpaid and overworked; it operates out of a barn on top of a mountain in the Arkansas Ozarks; and it was started on misappropriated funds.

Aware of the need and desire of lavmen to know more about the Church, the Rev. H. L. Foland, then rector of All Saints' Parish, Nevada, Mo., proposed in 1946 the formation of such a club. He was told that the idea was financially impractical. The idea persisted and the need of a Church book club became more and more apparent. To get rid of the idea, or make it work, Fr. Foland took about \$250 of his own money accumulated from Christmas and birthday

The flourishing business on Grindstone Mountain stands as proof that Churchpeople want to know more about the Church

by Pennington Lane

gifts - all designated for clothes - solicited memberships from 80 people on the mailing list of the parish bulletin (then going to about 900 addresses), and got the Episcopal Book Club going. That was

Today the EBC has 9,000 members and has distributed a total of 183,355 books. Despite the fact that its business is not to make money (in the sense of providing a profit for stockholders*), at the end of its fiscal year last August, the EBC had assets of \$75,000; its only liability was in the form of a thousand paid-in-advance accounts. Last year the EBC grossed \$100,000, and it is expected to increase that amount by \$25,000 during the current fiscal year.

Because the EBC was outgrowing its original quarters (a converted garage) and because it wanted to expand its service to the Church, a new location was needed. Since it appeared that nothing was available in or near Nevada and that the EBC would have to look elsewhere, it was decided to search for a site that was geographically, climatically, and financially suitable, if not desirable, and equipped with buildings which could easily be adapted to the club's current and future needs.

Such a spot was found in the Ozark Mountains, four miles south of the once-

*The EBC is incorporated in the state of Arkansas as a non-profit organization.

famous spa, Eureka Springs, Ark. ranch, formerly the plaything and su mer residence of millionaires, consists 11241/2 acres of mountains, valleys, a pastures, two houses, an enormous a well-built barn (now converted to how the EBC offices), and other barns a buildings. The club named the place "Hspeak" and took possession of it Mark's day, 1960. (The EBC has recen arranged to acquire 519 adjoining ac and so have all of Grindstone Mountain the third highest mountain in the area It has been estimated that various own have spent a total of \$225,000 improving the place; but during the last ten year the property somewhat deteriorated, a for five years it was occupied only by caretaker.

Grindstone Mountain commands mile-upon-mile view in all directions, a someday on the very top of it will built a modest chapel and tower from 1 top of which tourists will be able to vie the surrounding area from one of t highest points in all the Ozarks.

The book club paid \$50,000 for Hi speak: \$22,500 in cash and the balant by a loan of \$27,500. The debt has bereduced by the \$4,000 sale of waln timber, and it appears that the remaind of the debt, including the cost of the 57 acres, will be paid off in three year rather than the five as planned.

Although Eureka Springs has a pop lation of only 1,500, various cultural, hi toric, and scenic attractions bring abo 300,000 tourists and vacationers to the town annually. It has been estimated th three-fourths of the people now living Eureka Springs have moved there because of the climate and other retirement & vantages.

Most of the staff accompanied the E3 in its move to Eureka Springs, and whi began as more or less a one-man open tion now has a permanent staff of eigl full-time employees and two volunteer

Salaries for the past fiscal year amounted to only \$10,000, and range on a monthly basis, from \$50 to \$200 Many staff members are at work by 8 a.m.

The author of this article is an employee of the Episcopal Book Club.

y until 5:30 p.m. and later, and often urn at night. Six of them live at Hillak. One of the volunteers came out m Pennsylvania to live in Eureka ings and work for the EBC. Plans call others to retire to Hillspeak and give ir services to the EBC and related enprises.

While the EBC's only purpose is to ve the Church, it does have to make ney, not for the profit of individuals to handle the club's ever-increasing siness (larger purchases, more help, bad ounts, etc.), finish paying for Hillspeak, I sponsor other operations for the good the Church. Because of its increasing mbership and quantity buying, the C has been able to lower the general ail price of some books and to offer selection to members at still lower tes. Books chosen by the EBC still rage about \$2.50, the figure first adtised almost eight years ago.

Books-of-the-season" are selected from nuscripts and galley proofs submitted publishers in the U.S.A., Canada, and gland. Although the EBC neither pubes nor manufactures books (most of se it sponsors being made in the east I shipped to Hillspeak by truck), it asionally lends a hand in the various uses of a book's preparation.

Books are selected because of their rary and doctrinal merits: "entirely cresting and positively sound . . . in ct accord with the faith and practice the historic Church as set forth in the ok of Common Prayer." There is no manent selection committee, but vary-groups of qualified laymen and priests periodically consulted before a "book-the-season" is chosen.

Gelections are wrapped at Hillspeak and iled from Eureka Springs on "the Em-Days at the Four Seasons." (Postage a year's shipment amounts to more n \$6,000.) Members may return any ection for any reason within ten days, I about 1% of the club's membership ill themselves of the opportunity to so. Bonus and dividend books are not red because the profit is used to serve Church.

To encourage the writing of new and ter books for the Church, the EBC 1 Morehouse-Barlow sponsor a bi-anal non-fiction contest for the Anglican iters Award of \$1,000, and, with trar, Straus and Cudahy, the EBC onsors a fiction contest for a similar

In 1958 the EBC published the first cket directory of Episcopal churches the U.S.A., and in 1960, with the coloration of the Overseas Missionary Soty, put out a guide to churches overs. The EBC also publishes *The Angli-1 Digest*, a quarterly magazine which w goes without charge to about 80,000 dresses.

The book club began and continues its



The EBC began operation in a Nevada, Mo., rectory, but the building above soon was taken over for wrapping books. Later it was remodeled and used for the EBC offices. Below: In Nevada, Mo., "Books-of-the-Seasons" are wrapped for shipment. The operation is the same at Hillspeak.



work without the aid of grants or subsidies of any kind. It has paid its own way from the very beginning. During its almost eight years of operation, gifts to the club have amounted to less than \$1,500, including one gift of \$500. Its success may be attributed to many things: the cooperation of parish priests who have recommended the EBC to their people; devoted Churchmen who are willing to work long hours for little more than expenses; the careful management of expenses (practically all office equipment is second-hand); the consistently high quality of its selections; loyalty to the Church's formularies — all of these are important factors, but most of all is success attributable to the existence of laymen who want to know more about the Church.

In acquiring Hillspeak, the EBC was concerned not so much with current needs, but with the desire and determination to be of real and extensive service to the Church. When funds and personnel permit, the EBC plans to organize a society commonly to be known as SPEAK — the Society for Promoting and Encouraging

the Arts and Knowledge [of the Church], and through it, as the parent organization, to pursue at Hillspeak the various projects which together have become known as "Operation Unlimited."

There are included in this operation a "college of writers" for the promotion of good writing for the Church; an Anglican book depot for the distribution of second-hand books; a "college of priests" to provide refresher courses in matters pertaining to the liturgical life, and to the function and practice of the priesthood; living and working accommodations for expectant unwed mothers and the possible adoption of their children by Churchpeople; the revival, writing, and production of religious drama; a museum of ecclesiastical arts and crafts and a summer colony of artists and craftsmen interested in the creation of non-liturgical religious objects; a superb and carefully managed retreat center; accommodations for the retired and the use of their time and talents — all projects of genuine service to the Church, all speaking to the opportunity of the times, and all unlimited.

RSV, NEB, Or Both?

Using the Revised Standard Version as a measuring stick,

the author assesses the new Bible translation

by the Rev. Francis C. Lightbourn, S.T.M.

hat about the New English Bible? The New Testament installment of this great undertaking has been on the market for exactly two months [L.C., March 26th]. It has been listed among the best sellers (nonfiction), though how far it has been read is another matter. What can be said of this new version? How does it rate, both for smooth and intelligible reading in English and as a faithful rendering of the original Greek?

Of all versions in the English language, the King James and the Revised Standard are the obvious ones to use in any comparison with the New English Bible. The King James Version needs no defence. Its most ardent admirers, however, would admit the need of more modern versions for study purposes at least. This leaves the Revised Standard Version as the obvious measuring stick.

As to literary quality, I am convinced that the makers of the NEB have done a superb job. (Be it remembered, however, that they had at their disposal, and availed themselves of the services of, a panel of literary advisers — a resource with which the producers of the RSV were not provided.)

Any number of examples could be given of the smoothly flowing style of the NEB, its direct and forceful English, as it recaptures the idiom of today, in the unadorned dignity of the diction of this version.

As an illustration of the NEB's simple directness, I give, in successive order, Revelation 13:18 in the KJV, the RSV, and the NEB:

"Here is wisdom. Let him that hath understanding count the number of the beast: for it is the number of a man; and his number is Six hundred threescore and six." 1

¹Usual interpretation: Neron Caesar (so spelled in Greek), when transliterated into Hebrew, adds up to 666. "(Here is the key; and anyone who has intelligence may work out the number of the beast. The number represents a man's name, and the numerical value of its letters is six hundred and sixty six.)"

Neither "name," nor "value," nor "letters" has any equivalent in the Greek of this passage; nor does "key" really translate sophia, which is rather "wisdom," as KJV and RSV have it. But I submit that the NEB rendering speaks to the man or woman of today (an age which delights in crossword puzzles, etc.) in a way that the others do not.

Along with its simplicity and directness, I found in the NEB passages of unexpected charm and beauty. There is a haunting quality about its version of the Magnificat [see p. 6 of this issue], although I shall go on using the Prayer Book version (which differs a little from the KJV) in my reading of Daily Evening Prayer. The Prologue of St. John's Gospel in this new version is another example of unaffected grandeur.

Here is a passage (Ephesians 4:7ff) which is surely more intelligible, at least, in this version than in either the KJV or RSV:

"But each of us has been given his gift, his due portion of Christ's bounty. Therefore Scripture says:

'He ascended into the heights With captives in his train; He gave gifts to men.'

"Now, the word 'ascended' implies that he also descended to the lowest level, down to the very earth.² He who descended is no other than he who ascended far above all heavens, so that he might fill the universe. And these were his gifts: some to be apos-

²The margin of the new version gives the alternative rendering: "descended to the regions beneath the earth."

tles, some prophets, some evangelists, soit pastors and teachers, to equip God's peop for work in his service, to the building of the body of Christ. So shall we all last attain to the unity inherent in our fa and our knowledge of the Son of God to mature manhood, measured by nothicless than the full stature of Christ. We ano longer to be children, tossed by twaves and whirled about by every fregust of teaching, dupes of crafty roguland their deceitful schemes. . . ."

Of the many single verses, sentence and phrases that might be cited to gir something of the flavor of this new ve sion, here are some that struck me:

"'Are not sparrows two a penny?'" (Ma thew 10:29); "'You are Peter, the Roc and on this rock I will build my church (Matthew 16:18); "'You strain off a mide yet gulp down a camel!" (Matthew 23:2) "the devil departed, biding his time" (Lal 4:13); "'Sir, I want my sight back'" (Luh 18:41); "This is more than we can stor ach'" (John 6:60); "'We must not tear this let us toss for it'" (John 19:24); "'Shoot 11 net to starboard, and you will make a catch' (John 21:6); "'Look,' he [Stephen] said there is a rift in the sky'" (Acts 7:56 "they got wind of it" (Acts 14:6); "'Dow with him! A scoundrel like that is better dead!" (Acts 22:22); "How gladly you be with fools, being yourselves so wise!" Corinthians 11:19); "shook hands upon i (Galatians 2:9); "Greetings to you from ou dear friend Luke, the doctor" (Colossian 4:14); "the books, above all my notebooks (II Timothy 4:13); "the ABC of God oracles" (Hebrews 5:12).

Some passages have a very modern rin indeed. Thus, in the synagogue at Nazzreth, Jesus "stood up to read the lesson (Luke 4:16); regarding the "boldness c Peter and John," the Jewish authorite "noted that they were untrained laymen (Acts 4:13); KJV's "that way" (Act 19:23, where RSV has "the Way") becomes in the NEB "the Christian movement," and Demetrius the silversmith reminds his fellow workers that "our high standard of living depends on this industry" " (Acts 19:25).

In the matter of money, weights, measures, and the like, this version goes alout — or nearly so — in the direction of current idiom. Thus it is "very early of the Sunday morning" that the womer come to Jesus' tomb (Mark 16:2); the darkness at the Crucifixion "lasted until three in the afternoon" (Luke 23:44) "each [water-jar] held from twenty to

[&]quot;This calls for wisdom: let him who has understanding reckon the number of the beast, for it is a human number, its number is six hundred and sixty-six."

ty gallons" (John 2:6); "'Twenty nds [British currency] would not buy ugh bread'" (John 6:7); and Paul will nain at Ephesus until Whitsuntide" orinthians 16:8).

Franted that the NEB reads smoothly intelligibly, how does it rate as a hful and accurate rendition of the erlying Greek? This is a question that be answered definitively only after combined evaluations of scholars have a chance, as it were, to percolate. In meantime, however, I would like to te the following points:

1) The producers of this version repnt the cream of British New Testant scholarship. This does not mean
they are infallible — they would be
last to make such a claim — but it
is mean that they are familiar with the
es involved; they know the various
cosed interpretations of this or that
age, many of these being still debatpoints among top-ranking exegetes.

2) We may safely assume that on whole the NEB represents a more surate translation than the KJV.

3) I would hazard the guess, also, it is at least as accurate, on the de, as the RSV, and very probably e so. (It must be remembered, however, that the NEB is a brand new transon, whereas the makers of the RSV, accordance with the terms of their mission, worked largely from the

did note, as I read the NEB, many pages which seemed to represent a real mpt — and I would say a successful - — to bring out in English the force he Greek tenses, particularly the aorist contrast with present and imperfect. (In ek the aorist denotes "punctiliar" ac-, "pin-pointing" the verb, whether in present or past; while the present and erfect tenses denote "linear" — i.e., vinuous or repeated — action, in sent and past time, respectively.) Vithout claiming to have noted every ince (a prodigious undertaking), I ld say that in tense discrimination makers of the NEB have done a suno, and, at times, a brilliant job. Some inples.

The dogs used to come and lick his s" (Luke 16:21; imperfect); "they fell t" (Luke 20:26; aorist); "His days were n to teaching in the temple; and then he Id leave the city and spend the night on hill called Olivet" (Luke 21:37; imper-; "The father noted that this was the it time when Jesus had said to him, 'Your will live,' and he and all his household me believers" (John 4:53, where "noted" erly brings out the aorist of ginosko, w," and "became believers" brings out aorist of pisteuo, "believe"); "If you forany man's sins, they stand forgiven; if pronounce them unforgiven, unforgiven remain" (John 20:23, where "stand forn" and "unforgiven they remain" render ect tenses in the Greek).

will be obvious by now, if it has not

been so all along, that the NEB represents a definitely free translation. The revisers insert words not in the Greek, omit words in the Greek, and transpose the order of words, phrases, etc. But, as Dr. Dodd, chairman of the New Testament section, is reported to have said (though I cannot now place the reference), a free translation may well be the most faithful translation. I believe that this is so. If there is a particular "pin-point" force in the aorist tense in Greek, then "became believers" (as in John 4:53 cited above) is the only way to bring this out in English — even though it involves two words where the Greek uses only one.

An example, in another direction, of the freedom (in large measure justifiable, I think) of which the translators have availed themselves is their treatment of the word parthenos, "virgin." In Matthew 1:23 this



remains "virgin," as also in I Corinthians 7:28 and II Corinthians 11:2. It becomes "girls" in Matthew 25:1,7 (Parable of the Ten "Virgins"), and in Luke 1:27, where Mary is described as "a girl betrothed to a man named Joseph." In Acts 21:9 the word is rendered "unmarried" ("four unmarried daughters"). In I Corinthians 7:25 the literal "concerning virgins" (so KJV) is scrapped wholesale and the discussion introduced by "On the question of celibacy," while later in the same chaper the same word is rendered "celibate woman" (v. 34), "partner in celibacy" (v. 36), "partner" (vv. 37, 38).3 Finally, in Revelation 14:4, "for they are virgins" becomes "for they have kept themselves chaste."

The NEB is a free translation, and, because it is free, it speaks directly and clearly to the man of today. Such a person, who wants Holy Scripture straight—the end product as it relates to him, shorn of all exegetical beating about the bush—will find it in this version to a degree unparalleled elsewhere.

By the same token, however, the student (and I have in mind the person who does not know Greek), while he will benefit very decidedly in certain respects from the NEB, will be somewhat misled in other respects. Students who have facility in Greek can and should, of course, consult the original; but those without Greek who would like to study as far as they can will need to supplement this version by another. For obvious reasons this will commonly be the RSV, which does have the merit of closer adherence to the original.

Could a harmony of the Gospels be constructed from the NEB text? Presumably it could, but (other things being equal) it would not be as good a one as that which was made a few years ago from the text of the RSV.4 To illustrate: instead of " . . . hear of wars and rumors of wars" (KJV and RSV rendering of same five Greek words in Matthew 24:6 and Mark 13:7), NEB has "... hear the noise of battle near at hand and the news of battles far away." As a translation this is a stroke of genius, and the revisers do it exactly the same way both in Matthew and in Mark.⁵ But, whereas the Greek says this in five words (the same five in both places), it takes 13 (not counting two repetitions of the definite article) in the NEB to do it; and it gives the (false) impression that Matthew and Mark have at this point eight more words in common than they actually have.

Something should be said about the text underlying the NEB. It would appear that, basically, the revisers worked from the Westcott-Hort text (1881) — in the direction of which the RSV made a "cautious advance" 6 — but that in many instances they deviated from this. Their own words from the Introduction are worth quoting:

"There is not at the present time any critical text which would command the same degree of general acceptance as the Revisers' [i.e., English 1881] text did in its day. Nor has the time come, in the judgment of competent scholars, to construct such a text, since new material comes constantly to light, and the debate continues. The present translators therefore could do no other than consider variant readings on their merits, and, having weighed the evidence for themselves, select for translation in each passage the reading which to the best of their judgment seemed most likely to represent what the author wrote" (p. vii).

Two such readings which they decided to admit are "Jesus Bar-Abbas" (instead of just "Barabbas") in Matthew 27:16, 17 and "Son of God" in Mark 1:1.

It will be a happy circumstance if both the RSV and the NEB, emanating from opposite sides of the Atlantic and representing the cream of English-speaking scholarship, should turn out (as I believe they in fact are) to be mutually supplementary.

³The rendering "partner (in celibacy)" is in accord with the view that Paul is here talking about a custom that did prevail in the early Church, when an unmarried couple would live together with the idea of preserving their chastity. Another interpretation is given in the NEB margin.

⁴Gospel Parallels. Edited by Burton H. Throckmorton, Jr. Thomas Nelson & Sons, 1957. \$3.

⁵Literally, the Greek reads: "... hear wars and rumors of wars." That is what people actually do—hear the sound of fighting if it is close enough, otherwise hear the "rumor" (report) of it. By injecting "of" before the first "wars," KJV gums up the works: to "hear of wars" is the same as to "hear rumors of wars"; and if the reader (as he is prone to do) mentally carries over the first "of" to "rumors of wars" ("hear of rumors of wars"), the confusion is worse confounded. NEB gets over the difficulty neatly, and with a bit of alliteration ("noise... near... news") thrown in for good measure.

⁸ Allen P. Wikgren, "A Critique of the Revised Standard Version of the New Testament," in *The* Study of the Bible Today and Tomorrow, ed. by Harold R. Willoughby, p. 387.

EDITORIALS

The Church in Cuba

E vents in Cuba have moved, in the past few weeks, with incredible rapidity, and there is little telling what the situation will have become by the time this is read. Bishop Blankingship has left Cuba [page 9] and the only citizen of the United States remaining in the Cuban Church, according to the Overseas Department, is Miss Eleanor Clancy, and she is expected to return to the US before long.

The House of Bishops, when it meets in September in Detroit, will be faced with the matter of electing a bishop for Cuba. It is devoutly to be hoped that the bishops will elect a Cuban national to the post. Beyond this, it may be that the consecration of that bishop should be a strictly Latin American affair, with the consecrating bishops those of Mexico and Brazil. Reasons of practicality may dictate that this be done, since the entrance of bishops from the United States into Cuba, or the travel of a Cuban to the United States might pose insoluble difficulties.

But we would hope that more reasons than those of expediency would suggest such a Latin American consecration. Here, surely, is a situation in which the tenor of the Gray report and the suggestions of the Rev. Dr. H. Boone Porter in his recent articles in The Living Church [L.C., January 29th and April 23d] can be put into immediate action. In the missionary district of Cuba there now exists what is actually an indigenous Anglican Church. A Latin American consecration of a Latin American bishop for that district could serve to point up to the world that it is the Gospel we export to foreign soils, not the American way of life, that the missionary enterprise of the American Episcopal Church is not meant to be a form of ecclesiastical colonialism. Where we have indigenous leadership, unless there are



serious reasons to do otherwise, we ought to do all that we can to make clear the dignity and completeness of that leadership.

Precedents have been set before by actions that were initially dictated by practical considerations. The consecration of a Latin American bishop by Latin American bishops might well set a pattern for similar action in overseas missionary areas even when political circumstances exert no pressure toward it.

While it is perhaps possible that the absence of bishops from the US in a consecration of a Cuban bishop could be construed as a withdrawal of supporting by the Church in the United States, we do not think either Cuban Churchmen or others would so construe it. It might rather be the source of relief from an embarrassiment to the Cuban Church, under the prevailing circumstances, and certainly it would witness to our confidence in the Church in the Latin American countries.

Religious Life Sunday

It is fitting that this Spring Book Number should appear on the Sunday after Ascension, designated by the Religious Orders as Religious Life Sunday. The earliest books were produced in the monasteries, and monastics were, during the Dark Ages, the preservers and guardians of learning. But for the basic and essential work of religious, see last week's article, "Why the Nun-Power Shortage?" in The Living Church.

God, Man, and Space

As this issue of THE LIVING CHURCH goes to press, the first American astronaut has completed a space flight. On the Church's calendar this is the issue of the first Sunday after the Ascension. The Ascension of Christ, of course, had nothing to do with the exploration of outer space, and it is not "the bright immensities" but the Throne of God that has received the Risen Lord.

The conquest of space will no doubt someday come, but the conquest of the human heart — a much more difficult matter — has already been achieved, and man (the Man who is also God) already has reached the ultimate height.

The man who may someday ride a rocket between the stars will still be essentially earthbound, not only in the carbon atoms of his physical being, but in the passions and instincts he will carry with him, even to the remotest planets. But the man who is in Christ has been liberated from the earth of his origin even though the treasure he has received must still be contained in an earthen vessel and it is on earth that he must begin to use his freedom.

It is man — earthly man — who now sits at the right hand of God who made the galaxies. It is man who has, in Christ, stepped outside time and space, and in so doing inhabits all time and all space.

"Do flaming suns his footsteps trace
Through corridors sublime,
The Lord of interstellar space
And conqueror of time?
The heav'n that hides him from our sight
Knows neither near nor far:
An altar candle sheds its light
As surely as a star;
And where his loving people meet
To share the gift divine,
There stands he with unhurrying feet;
There heav'nly splendors shine."

Howard Chandler Robbins, The Hymnal 1940

Is He a Saint? y the Rev. Malcolm Boyd

don't want a saint, but what if God wants it?" exclaims Msgr. Blaise redith, sent by the Vatican to a small age in southern Italy to serve as the secutor or "devil's advocate" in studya candidate for beatification.

Asgr. Meredith (played by the distinhed actor Leo Genn in the new adway play The Devil's Advocate) is ng of cancer. He must work quickly e is to complete his task of deciding ther Giacomo Nerone (portrayed in aback scenes by Edward Mulhare) be called a saint. While he finds out :h about the life of Giacomo Nerone. r. Meredith discovers still more about own life and, indeed, about life itself. l'enio Cardinal Marotta (Boris Tumawho sends him on his mission to the ige of Gemello Minore in Calabria, te honestly tells Msgr. Meredith: ere is no passion in your life. You've ed nothing and you've given noth-... You have lost touch with the ple who keep us in touch with God.' The Cardinal is a very wise man in the s of the Church and the world. "There too many saints and not enough sanc-" he observes, pointing out quite cany that "I know nothing about saints, nly know men." It is the liberalded, humble Bishop of Valenta (Edu-Ciannelli) who makes the observa-"Saints are usually controversial «ple."

In the village of Gemello Minore, Msgr. I redith meets the persons who most mately knew Giacomo Nerone. One Vina Sanduzzi (Tresa Hughes), who his mistress and bore his son, Paolo. Then you are lonely — and it is cold — can forget about sin," she tells the il's advocate. Then she asks him: "we you never been in love, monsig-"." "Never, I'm afraid," he replies.

Ie meets the Jewish doctor, Aldo ver (Sam Levene), who was a close nd of Giacomo, and the Contessa ve Deering) who, on the night before death, refused to promise Giacomo she would care for Nina and the y Paolo unless Giacomo spent that it with her.

iiacomo, as the priest finds when he mences to unravel the story in deive book fashion, had come to the tige during the time of German occuon in World War II. He had been ritish Army deserter. He lived with a and loved her, became the dynamic ce of strength for the whole village



Friedman-Abeles

From left: Eduardo Ciannelli and Leo Genn in scene from The Devil's Advocate "Saints are usually controversial people."

in its terrible struggle for survival, reputedly performed miracles and, fearlessly resisting the Communist leader who demanded his allegiance or his departure from the village, was executed.

By means of a stage technique, the audience sees Msgr. Meredith sitting on the sideline of scenes which are flash-backs in which Giacomo Nerone appears. "With God everything is important — and nothing is important unless you give yourself as reparation," he had told Nina. "Faith is a comfort and a burden. Faith is a gift of God, a comfort and a burden." Giacomo, kneeling in Nina's house after she had gone to bed, had cried to God: "I'm lost. . . . If You are there, tell me who I am, where I am going. . . Make me what you will, a wonder or a mockery!"

We see, in flashback technique, the scene of Giacomo's confrontation by the Communist leader. They argue and the Communist suddenly says, "The work will go on. I'm not important." Immediately Giacomo replies: "That's the difference. I am important. I was, I am, I shall be."

A sub-plot in the play concerns the fate of young Paolo. The nymphomaniac Contessa and a homosexual painter, Nicholas Black (Michael Kane), engage in a skirmish over his fate which is only re-

solved by Msgr. Meredith, who, on his deathbed, says: "I wanted to help but I failed." Yet he also says before his death: "Here for the first time I have found myself as a priest and as a man."

The play is not, in the relation of its intentions and final form, an extremely good one. It has many flaws. But it gives us some great lines and some great insights. Its performances are all excellent and, in what it has tried to accomplish, it is head and shoulders above the plays this season which have attempted much less. The Devil's Advocate is surely one of the two or three most interesting plays of this Broadway season for Christian theatergoers. Based on the Morris L. West novel, The Devil's Advocate is written, directed and produced by Dore Schary and is being presented at the Billy Rose Theatre in New York City.

Is Giacomo Nerone a saint? The question is left unresolved. There will have to be more devil's advocates and more time, much more time: The Church moves slowly in matters of this kind. Perhaps the most that can be said is, indeed, expressed about Giacomo Nerone in these lines from the play: "First they loved him. Then, when he stood in the way of what they wanted, they hated him. Then, when he was dead, they could love him."

Continued from page 7

try has "commercialized a whole morality of hypocritical conformity." What can films do to make Christian life more profound, more fruitful? "They can bring home to the viewer a sense of his own combined majesty and frailty; and they can broaden the horizons of his natural charity so that the widened love can be transmuted into a supernatural charity."

The book is a Roman Catholic statement. One awaits with considerable hope an ecumenical Christian collaboration on the subject.

MALCOLM BOYD

Food for Rethinking

UNDER ORDERS. The Churches and Public Affairs. By **Roswell P. Barnes.** Doubleday. Pp. 138. \$2.95.

This book is to be highly recommended, especially to two groups of people: (1) those who think that the Church should keep out of public affairs, and (2) those who think that the Church ought to do far more than it does in these matters. Neither group will find Roswell P. Barnes' *Under Orders* very comforting. But both will learn much about what the Anglican and Protestant Churches are actually doing in such matters, and will be given food for rethinking and perhaps changing their opinions.

Although Dr. Barnes is careful to indicate that he is writing as an individual, and not in any official capacity, he is well qualified to deal authoritatively and knowledgeably with his subject. A Presbyterian minister, formerly associate general secretary of the National Council of Churches and now executive secretary in this country of the World Council of Churches, he has first-hand knowledge of the activities of these two co-operative ecumenical agencies, especially during and since World War II.

Dr. Barnes derives his title from his conviction that,

"According to the Church's understanding of its own nature and mission, it must be involved in public affairs because it must stand for God's work in the world through Christ. It must proclaim to men that He rules, that He loves men and desires men to love Him and to be obedient to Him, that those who love Him must love others whom He loves and for whom Christ died, and that therefore their relation to Him cannot be separated from their relations to their neighbors in public affairs" (p. 25).

Since the Church is the means whereby Christians are guided in their relations to one another and to the world, it follows that no aspect of the life of society is beyond the concern of the Church. And since the Church as we know it today is divided, perhaps the best way in which it can make its impact felt upon the world is through such co-operative agencies as

The Rev. William H. Baar (p. 6) is rector of St. Elisabeth's Church, Glencoe, Ill., in the diocese of Chicago. Formerly the Episcopal Church's representative at the University of Chicago, he holds the Ph.D. degree from Yale University.

The Rev. Malcolm Boyd (pp. 7 and 19) is chaplain of St. Paul's House, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colo. Fr. Boyd recently resigned [L.C., April 23].

Dr. Dora Chaplin (p. 6) has for many years been an authority on religious education in the Episcopal Church. A recognized author in this field, she teaches pastoral theology at the General Theological Seminary, New York, N. Y.

The Rev. Reginald H. Fuller (p. 21) is professor of New Testament at Seabury-Western Theological Seminary, Evanston, Ill. After the New Testament, his next "hobby" is the Prayer Book.

The Rev. Victor Hoag, of Maitland, Fla. (p. 24), has, for many years as the writer of "Talks with Teachers," been The Living Church's own authority on religious education.

The Very Rev. Sherman Johnson (p. 21) is dean and New Testament professor at the Church Divinity School of the Pacific, Berkeley, Calif. His own commentary on St. Mark's Gospel will be reviewed by the Rev. Reginald H. Fuller (see above) in an early issue.

The Rev. **Judson S. Leeman,** M.D. (p. 23) was graduated from General Theological Seminary in 1935. Later he took up medicine, specializing in psychiatry, which he now practices in Philadelphia.

The Rev. Francis C. Lightbourn

(pp. 16 and 27) is literary editor of The Living Church.

Donald A. Lowrie (p. 7), of New York City, is a writer on topics relating to Eastern Orthodoxy. His *St. Sergius in Paris* is published by Macmillan (1954).

The Rev. E. L. Mascall, of Christ Church, Oxford, England (p. 23), is a recognized Anglo-Catholic theologian and author.

The Rev. Jules Moreau is associate professor of Church history and librarian at Seabury-Western Theological Seminary. He is the author of Language and Religious Language (1960). See page 26.

Clifford P. Morehouse (p. 20) is vice president of Morehouse-Barlow Co., a former editor of The LIVING CHURCH, and one of the Episcopal Church's leading laymen.

The Rev. Benjamin Priest (p. 22) is on the staff of Trinity Parish, New York City, where he specializes in pastoral counseling.

The Rev. Nelson Rightmyer (p. 24) is rector of St. John's Church, Glyndon, Md. He holds the degree of Ed.D., and taught at Philadelphia Divinity School.

The Rev. J. H. W. Rhys is associate professor of New Testament at the School of Theology of the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn. See page 22.

The Rev. Francis E. Williams (p. 21) is chaplain at Abbie Loveland Tuller School, Tucson, Ariz. He is a former Fulbright scholar, and recently earned the D.D. degree from Oxford University.

The Rev. Joseph Wittkofski (p. 25) is rector of St. Mary's Church, Charleroi, Pa. He is a frequent contributor to The Living Church.

the National and World Councils of Churches.

The author is at his best when he passes from the theoretical to the practical, and gives a picture of some of the specific ways in which this influence has been brought to bear upon nations and society in recent years. His accounts of the way in which Christian relationships were reestablished, immediately following the war, between this country and Germany and Japan, and later with the Christians of Soviet Russia, are particularly interesting and significant. His discussion of the influence of the Churches in shaping the United Nations and in dealing with the issues of the Cold War will be eyeopeners to many. So, too, are the sections dealing with race relationships, economic and political life, morality and ethical standards, and social welfare.

Because of the frequent and ill-in-

formed charge that the National ar World Councils of Churches are "sof on Communism, it may be worth-whit to quote a paragraph on this subject. Di Barnes writes:

"The Churches should have their own car against Communism and their own police and strategy for dealing with it, even thoughtere are many points at which they man appropriately support government policie Communism is a philosophy as well as social, political, and economic program. A philosophy, it is antithetical to Christian ity. As a program, it is hostile to the Church and its influence. Therefore, the Church should not be content merely to endorgovernment programs and to add their santion to popular opinion" (p. 124).

There are perhaps legitimate ground for objecting to the frequency with which the National Council of Churches make long and wordy "pronouncements" on wide variety of subjects, ranging from abling to nuclear defense, and then them forth as representative of the aking of the 34,000,000 Christians who ke up the membership of the affiliated urches, including our own. Possibly it uld be better to acknowledge that these attempts to formulate and guide Christopinion, rather than codifications of sidered and official actions. But Dr. nes makes out a good case for the ue of such documents:

A statement not only serves as the irch's witness; it also enables individual istians to articulate their conviction. The irch cannot wait until it is perfect before ring testimony to what it believes to be 3's will for the Church and the world, any ire than the individual can wait to be an ingelist until he himself is completely dient" (pp. 52-53).

vNevertheless, it is worth remembering of no such statement commits either own Church or any other member furch.

CLIFFORD P. MOREHOUSE

rain Sense

COMMENTARY ON THE GOS-PEL ACCORDING TO ST. MAT-CHEW. By Floyd V. Filson, Th.D., Dean, and Professor of New Testament Literature and History, McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago. Harprs, Pp. vi, 314. \$5. (Harper's New Testament Commentaries; General Editor: Henry Chadwick.)

Commentary on the Gospel According to St. Matthew, by Floyd Filson, is a model of the technique ded in writing a Bible commentary for use of the average clergyman, and it pleasure to recommend it. Its comats present the plain sense of the Gosin a straightforward manner, using aphrase when this is the best way of king the meaning clear. It includes just ugh background information to illume obscure points, without bogging the der down in details. References to nonlical literature --- which the clergy y or may not have in their libraries kept to a minimum. The obvious apation of teachings and parables is regly mentioned, with little waste of The book contains few unexned technical terms, and will be easily ble by the sincere layman; it can be erstood without a knowledge of Greek. The author has produced a commenwhich is conservative without sacriof intellectual integrity. He is not hid to adopt critical positions which faithful Bible student will see as good amon sense, though more radical olarship would reject them. Matthew 15 is taken as good indirect evidence the Empty Tomb; the Resurrection is turn presented as the only adequate lanation for the rise of the Church. w and then the commentator does

have a timid moment. He seems overly tender toward the position which rejects the Virgin Birth, and reserves judgment with regard to the feeding of the 5,000. But such moments are rare.

Because of the author's devout Protestantism, some of the negative aspect of the Protestant faith naturally makes itself felt in the book. The reviewer found himself annoyed, now and then, by the tone of some references to ceremonial and law, and other Anglo-Catholics will probably feel the same way. But it is only the tone of these references which irritates; there is nothing unfair in their content.

However, the Episcopal reader will need to be cautioned about a few points. In explaining Matthew 18:15-20, Dr. Filson seems to say that the Gentile Church was "hierarchical," whereas the Jewish Church was not. If this means that the Jewish Church had no organization, Galatians and Acts will hardly bear the position out. Again, we are told that Jesus disapproved of something which is called in one place "fasting by rule," and in another, "mechanical fasting." This seems exaggerated. Surely Jesus and His followers kept the Day of Atonement normally; we would be sure to hear of it if they had not. Our Lord apparently abolished the Monday and Thursday fasts for His disciples, but His reasons for so doing have nothing to do, positively or negatively, with any concept of ecclesiastical discipline.

Most important, Dr. Filson assumes without discussion that Jesus' Eucharistic Words are purely symbolic in their intent. This is to be expected; but the reader should not therefore be led to think that only this position is intellectually respectable.

These *caveats* are in no way intended to detract from the value of an excellent book

FRANCIS E. WILLIAMS

No More Tinkering

THE REFORM OF LITURGICAL WORSHIP. Perspectives and Prospects. By Massey Hamilton Shepherd, Jr. New York: Oxford University Press. Pp. viii, 118. \$3. (The Bohlen Lectures 1959.)

These Bohlen Lectures were delivered at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Philadelphia, in 1959. The reader will certainly enjoy the first part, which retells the familiar story of Prayer Book revision from Ritualism through Muhlenberg and Huntington to 1928, for it is enlivened not only by the author's expert and penetrating judgments but also by the "oral tradition" he himself received from the late Bishop Parsons, retired of California, and through Bishop Parsons from Huntington himself.

But the important part of The Reform of Liturgical Worship is the last two

chapters. Here Dr. Shepherd assesses present prospects of revision and makes far-reaching suggestions for the future. He agrees that the proposals of 1953 were largely a failure. There must be no more tinkering with Cranmer. Instead, we must go back and ask what obedience to our Lord's command, "Do this," really means. And we must ask that question not only with scholars and revisers of other parts of the Anglican Communion, but, even more important, with our fellow Christians in this country with whom we are seeking eventual re-union — the Methodists, Presbyterians, and Lutherans, all of whom are engaged currently in liturgical revision.

No doubt many will dismiss this as "Pikery." But the challenge of Muhlenberg and Huntington is even more pertinent today. Do we want the Episcopal Church to become a sect? Or do we seek as a Church to fulfill our mission relevantly and obediently in the modern world?

REGINALD H. FULLER

On Paul's Own Terms

COMMENTARY ON GALATIANS. By **Ragnar Bring.** Translated by **Eric Wahlstrom.** Muhlenberg Press. Pp. viii, 296. \$4.50.

This is a theological commentary; its concern is not primarily with grammatical analysis, the historical and biographical issues of St. Paul's life in relation to the early Church, or the place of his thought in the history of religion. It is an attempt to explain the theological thinking of the epistle in the light of the Apostle's other letters.

Such a commentator sees St. Paul's thought as a unity, and thereby runs the danger of minimizing possible unevennesses and contradictions in it, and one does not get much impression that the Apostle's theology grew and developed as time went on. At the same time, Bring's judgments are sound and moderate. We have here a summary of points generally agreed on by the most reliable commentators.

Though the book is long, and at times unnecessarily labored, it will serve as a good introduction to Pauline thought, for much use is made of the other letters. There is no tendency to bring in the ideas of Bultmann or other modern theologians; St. Paul is left to speak for himself on his own terms.

Bring is a professor in the University of Lund. As might be expected, he belongs to Nygren's school of thought and shares his idea that the two ages concept is basic to St. Paul's theology. The fundamental thesis of the commentary is that the Apostle is zealous for the Law, rightly understood, for the Law points to the new way of righteousness and therefore condemns the legalistic way of obtaining righteousness. At the same time, St. Paul

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upholds the moral demands of the Law. There is no antinomianism in the Apostle; when Romans 10:4 says that Christ is the "end" of the Law, "end" means "purpose" or "goal." In interpreting Galatians 2:14, Bring essentially adopts the position taken by Colwell many years ago: Peter had received his Christian life in the Gentile way, that is, by faith.

Bring has to deal incidentally with a number of historical matters. He rejects the Tuebingen idea that the Jerusalem Church was radically opposed to St. Paul. The Judaizers may have been over-converted Gentiles from Galatia. Bring tends to equate the visit of Galatians 2 with that of Acts 15, neglecting the possibility that both Acts 11:27-30 and chapter 15 may refer to the same visit. He thinks that the people addressed in the letter were probably North Galatians.

The translation, by Prof. Eric Wahlstrom of Augustana Theological Seminary, is clear and idiomatic. Greek words are transliterated.

SHERMAN E. JOHNSON

Not on a Deeper Level

RELEASE FROM GUILT AND FEAR. By **Gordon Powell.** Hawthorn Books. Pp. 159. \$2.95.

Release from Guilt and Fear, according to the blurb on its jacket, "may well be the most important book you have ever read." That it will not. On the contrary, it may well do damage to a considerable number of people whose need for help is real, but whose desire for an easy way out may lead them to this latest contribution to the "positive thinking" heresy.

There will be people who will testify that this book has helped them. And, so long as their difficulties are on a superficial level, their testimony may be true. But the book purports to be able to help people on a deeper level and this is where its oversimplification goes astray.

Among several points that might be considered, three will suffice.

First of all, the book speaks of the necessity for facing up to sin if anything is to be done about guilt. Nobody will quarrel with this if the guilt is really the result of sin — actual sin. But there is

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- 19. Harrisburg, U.S.A.
 - 20. Hereford, England

such a thing as pathological guilt that not necessarily the result of actual sin all. To attempt to deal with it accord to the rules laid down in the book woo be more likely to increase the guilt feings than to offer release from them. Treason is that —

Second, the book speaks of suppress material that causes guilt, but never repressed material that may cause a gr deal more. It may be possible to dred up suppressed material by a conscie effort, because suppression is a conscient activity in the first place. It is not p sible to dredge up repressed material a conscious effort, because repression an unconscious mechanism of which person is totally unaware. The suffere unsuccessful search for the real basis his guilt only creates more guilt, a anxiety along with it, because of his ve failure - particularly if he takes se ously a book that implies he ought to able to do it. He can ordinarily do only with the help of a competent pr chotherapist.

Third, and in a somewhat difference vein, while the book exhorts us to subsour will to God's, and to find our propplaces in the working out of His purpoit seems to be not so much for His sates as for ours. It will make us "happy This will undoubtedly appeal to thow who would sidestep the Cross, but it cannot be done.

BENJAMIN PRE

A Valuable Work

THE THEOLOGY OF ST. LUK! By Hans Conzelmann. Translated Geoffrey Buswell. Harpers. Pp. 255. \$

To all who have been trained in a solution to the synoptic problem proposed by Streeter, Hans Conzelmant The Theology of St. Luke will proved isturbing book. The concept that the is any theology in Luke's two-volumework, The Gospel and Acts, will sees strange, for the majority of experts in a English-speaking world have indicate that the Gospel was virtually put togeth with scissors and paste, and that the compilation of Acts shows little more refletion. No one who reads this book will able to think in such terms any longer

The author accepts the claim that Luk assembled his work from earlier record It could not be otherwise in view of the fact that Luke was not an eye-witness fit most of the events that he records. Ye within a very few pages, it becomes cleated that the Evangelist has imposed his own scheme upon all of the material he has used. This is made even more evident his intentional omissions than in the relatively few additions he has made, or the manner in which he has selected himaterial.

The layman, however, will not find the an easy book to read. While it would probably have been impossible to begin

study at any other place than with bearing of Luke's geographical noin the treatment of his Gospel, and, the this first and longest section is most eightening, there are few who have a ciently clear picture of the geography alestine to be able to follow a sympicture that differs from it. The nd section, entitled "Luke's Eschatoli" is easier to follow, and most enening for those who do so, but here a technical knowledge of Biblical sies would be most helpful.

he second half of the book falls into sections. These are "God and Reptive History," in which the Church



the rule of God are explained as are understood by Luke," The Centre listory," which is naturally found in Schrist, and "Man and Salvation." sepecially in the last of these, the est of the ordinary Christian will be rentrated, and for these sections little than a good dictionary for technical swill be needed for the reader's tance

ctually, this is one of the more valde books that have been produced yntly on the New Testament, but it is harily a book for the scholar, or at for the clergyman who has had the cintage of seminary training. It is not by that anyone in the future will mpt to teach a course on the Gospel bluke without reference to this work, it probably should become a part of felibrary of the priest who intends to that Gospel. On the other hand, mannot be considered as popular Bible by, however great its merits for the

J. H. W. RHYS

Improve Family Life

EX WAYS — IN FACT AND AITH: Bases for Christian Family bolicy. Edited by Evelyn M. Duvall, h.D., and Sylvanus M. Duvall, Ph.D. ssociation Press. Pp. 253. \$3.95.

the first North American Conference on Church and Family was held at an Bay, Wis., April 30th to May 5th. co-chairmen of this important meet—the editors of Sex Ways in Fact and h have, in that volume, compiled in mmary form the best available inform, evaluated from hundreds of reresearch reports, as discussion and materials for this conference. Some copnotch authorities in the medical social sciences have written the vari-

14, 1961

ous chapters on sex, marriage, and family life.

The first chapter summarizes the bases for Christian views on these matters, beginning with New Testament sources through the patristic age, then as viewed by the Western Church, the great reformers, and more recently by our own Anglican Communion. The next summarizes current denominational attitudes about them. Then there are fine chapters on facts about modern marriage, teenage involvements, sexual problems, and the thorny problem of family limitation. The closing chapter makes proposals for the areas that need to be studied further in order to improve family life in this country, ending with the more important recommendations of the 1960 White House Conference on Children and

It is interesting to note that in one study of successful families, defined as those who (1) have avoided family disruption by divorce or desertion, (2) have avoided interference by police, and (3) keep their children in school, 85% of our families meet this test. The other 15% of not-so-good families form the unstable fringes, producing most of our increase in juvenile delinquency, illegitimates, and children requiring public aid.

Each chapter has an excellent annotated bibliography to direct those wanting to do further studies in the various areas discussed. My only adverse criticism is a small one: By the title and the "sexy" jacket, it seems the publishers might be seeking a popular sale of the book. Actually, it will be of great value to all those interested in and engaged in seeking more understanding and better ways of dealing with these grave problems.

JUDSON S. LEEMAN

A Deep Devotion

THE TRUTH AND THE LIFE. Essays on Doctrine by Priests of the American Church Union — Robert F. Capon, Everett B. Bosshard, Grieg Taber, W. T. St. John Brown, James Richards, James H. Jordan, Jr. Edited by Albert J. duBois. Foreword by Henry I. Louttit, Bishop of South Florida. Published for the American Church Union by Morehouse-Barlow Co., New York. Pp. 207. \$4.25.

The Truth and the Life was reviewed in The Living Church of April 16th by the Rev. D. R. G. Owen, provost of the University of Trinity College, Toronto, Canada, and professor of the philosophy of religion. In order, however, to give this book the benefit of a review by someone who definitely associates himself with the Anglo-Catholic position, and is at the same time (like Dr. Owen) a recognized scholar, we asked the Rev. Dr. E. L. Mascall, lecturer in the philosophy of



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religion, University of Oxford, England, to review it. We are happy to publish Dr. Mascall's review in this issue:

The Truth and the Life consists of six essays by Episcopal priests of the Catholic school of thought, dealing respectively with the importance of sound doctrine, the Incarnation, the Atonement, the Resurrection, Catholic discipline, and the Sacraments.

Much of the book will be of value to clergy and laity alike, as for instance the lucid demonstration of the coherence of the Gospel accounts of the Resurrection. The authors manifest a deep and impressive devotion to Christ and His Church and a burning pastoral zeal.

Nevertheless the book as a whole is disappointing and it must be frankly said that the writers have not proved adequate to their task. They have in fact failed to exhibit either the architectonic grandeur or the intellectual strength of the Catholic religion. The chapters are strangely disconnected and some of the most vital matters are almost unmentioned; there is little or no emphasis upon the part played by supernatural grace in elevating human beings into the life of the triune God and transforming their very substance and all their activities in Christ, a topic which above all others would have drawn the various chapters of the book into a living and coherent unity and have manifested the Catholic religion in all its splendor.

The reader may very well be left with the impression that Catholicism is less vigorous intellectually than theological liberalism and less stimulating morally than the various existentialisms. The opposite is in fact the case, but this can be shown only by a fearless confrontation and assessment of our Bultmanns, Tillichs, and Barths, and not by retreat into an old-fashioned, precritical position.

With the religious tradition for which the writers stand I am wholly in sympathy and it can, I am convinced, be defended and commended. But, while repeating that the book contains much that is thoughtful and penetrating, I can only conclude by saying that we must turn to other works than this if we wish to see the real strength of the position for which it stands.

E. L. MASCALL

Many Foundations

THE ENTERPRISING LIFE: JOHN MC VICKAR 1787-1868. By John Brett Langstaff. With an Introduction by Allan Nevins. St. Martin's Press. Pp. xiv, 427. \$10.

Briefly put, John McVickar, son of a wholesale linen importer, was born in New York City, August 10, 1787, entered Columbia College at the age of 13, and four years later began the study of theology under the direction of John Henry Hobart. Immediately after his or-

dination in 1811, he proceeded to by his own church on the estate of wealthy father-in-law, Dr. Samuel Bat Hyde Park. By 1817 Dr. Bard, do of the Medical School, had secured election as professor at Columbia Collaborom which he was retired as emergin 1864; he died in October, 1868.

· But such a brief announcement of life fails to take into account that, a professor at Columbia who outlast and outlived most of his profession colleagues, John McVickar became power behind many thrones. Time a again he was president pro tem, as Colu bia's presidents came and went; time a again he was nominated for the pr idency, never acquiring sufficient suppd he was president of the New York stars ing committee for many years, during period when the Church was divided Churchmanship questions; he was amo those who brought the General Seminar New York University, and St. Stephen College into being. For many years was chaplain at Governor's Island, a it was during his time and under his info ence that the foundations of the Char of St. Cornelius were laid. "The Green Ones" of the past century all knew Jole McVickar and they march across t pages of his life.

What was to become the most completing in America was then still "smattown." Imagine New Yorkers arguing that the city was too small to support when the city was too small to support when the city was "country"; imagine the in when the quickest and best means transportation to Albany and Poughkees was the river steamer, or when make of the "best people" lived in the neighborhood of the Battery.

John McVickar must be include among those who laid many of the four dations on which the present great cit was built; John Brett Langstaff's accouof his life and his city is delightful reaing.

NELSON RIGHTMYE

The Whole Field

CHILDREN AND RELIGION. E Dora P. Chaplin. Revised Edition With a Foreword by Charles L. Taylor, Jr. Scribners. Pp. xiii, 238. \$3.9

This book considers the whole field of religious life of children from the earliest years through adolescence. There is stress on the permanent impression made by parents, not only in infancy, but in co-operation with the formal efforts of the Church. The various ways of approach available are described — through Bible study, the arts (especially good pictures, music, and poetry) and through suitable books for children to read.

A thoughtful chapter deals with way to acquaint children with death, giving adult ideas in order to equip us to dead

quately with children. "Parents who themselves confused will confuse their dren, and it is essential that we should k our way through to the Christian v of death." There are suggestions for ning children start a personal prayer for vitalizing the Church school curlum, for giving greater reality to the t times of Christmas and Easter, and encouraging original creative writing hildren.

here are many stories about children, t (says Dr. Chaplin) about her own. he lovely verses by a daughter encourus to hope that children can be helped pehold and express the beauty of life. fter each chapter there are annotated of books (brought up to date in this (ion) which should prove helpful to who wish to search further, but a see baffling to those who do not have ess to a library. Making up for this, se are many quotations — not mere pets, but long selections from curc books — reflecting the author's wide

Thile written to help persons in any orch, this edition is mainly in the m of the Episcopal Church. On the antages of the Parish Communion: . . to help children . . . to see some the great moments of the liturgical on," and that "children from a very sy age are quite enthralled by what

oing on."

There is much fascinating material in Idren and Religion. Coming from one n long experience in religious educa-- as writer for the National Coun-Department, and as instructor in the sieral Theological Seminary — this is 2: essence of Chaplin." It should surely in every parish library, and recominded to every earnest parent and teher.

VICTOR HOAG

stricted Viewpoint

THE ENGLISH MYSTICAL TRA-DITION. By David Knowles. Harpers. p. 197. \$3.75.

ith a sharp and concise pen, the Rev. David Knowles, in his new ection of essays, entitled The English stical Tradition, makes much recentdiscovered and valuable information ilable for both laity and clergy. In book, the writer reviews the develnent of Christian mysticism and surs England of the later Middle Ages. arate essays are devoted to Richard le, Walter Hilton, The Cloud of knowing, Julian of Norwich, Marv Kempe, and Augustine Baker. Fr. owles admits that the last named postformation writer hardly belongs in an line of mystical study.

Many will be disappointed with this k which clearly indicates the tragic cts of Christian disunity. Fr. Knowles

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unconsciously transforms the ancient Ecclesia Anglicana into "the Church in England" and he continually assumes that no authentic mystical development can occur outside the Roman Communion. Although Evelyn Underhill effectively demolished this widespread assumption, Fr. Knowles could never bring himself to accept this conclusion.

Surely, any definitive study of the English mystical tradition should begin with St. Anselm and consider the other mystics of the periods before the Reformation. Subsequently, due attention should be given to Taylor, Law, Traherne, Scougal, Blake, and many others. Fr. Knowles' own intellectual posture, however, has made it impossible for him to write an accurate and objective book in the field of English mysticism. Astoundingly, from his present position, the writer even is forced to question some of the mystical experience of St. Augustine because his words closely resemble passages of Plotinus and Porphyry.

Although the scholarly author's point of view is severely constricted, his essays concerning The Cloud of Unknowing, Walter Hilton, and Julian of Norwich are excellent. The teachings of these writers stand behind much of the mystical expression in the Book of Common Prayer. In spite of Fr. Knowles' several assertions to the contrary, the Anglican Reformation did not mark the end, in England, of "the mystical life in its traditional form," but it obviously provided new impetus in this particular area of Christian practice.

Possibly, we must await until the Church again finds its oneness, and until apologetics are no longer necessary, before we can obtain a completely unified view of the important English mystical JOSEPH WITTKOFSKI tradition.

Open Ways

LANGUAGE, LOGIC AND GOD. By Frederick Ferre, Mount Holyoke College. Harpers. Pp. viii, 184. \$3.50.

M ore and more philosophers are becoming interested in the kind of language religious people and theologians speak. This interest is reflected among religious people and theologians themselves, for they too have begun to ask questions about meaning. In a definitely technical book, Language, Logic, and God, Frederick Ferre, who is a professor at Mt. Holyoke College, has made a signal contribution to this discussion.

In order to appreciate this book, one ought to have some background in the present questions disturbing philosophers. This is not to say, however, that this book is only for the initiated, since Dr. Ferre is careful to avoid the perplexing and complicated language of the British school of philosophers who seem able to speak only to themselves.

Modern philosophers of one particular

variety are of the opinion that the o proper undertaking of philosophy is analysis of the language used by the who work in other fields of research. them Dr. Ferre is highly critical, wh recognizing at the same time that the logians must take the problem of the own language quite seriously.

. The most informative section of t book is that in which the author examitheological language to delineate its " proper" functions, its familiar function and its unique functions. There is a fil chapter which outlines the various "logic which are operative in the language the theist. The responsibility with whi the author explores the legitimate clai of theological discourse is matched his meticulous distinctions regarding illegitimate claims of this manner speaking.

The most important contribution ma by the author appears to the reviewer be that he leaves open the way to histon This can be seen by recourse to a star ment occurring near the end of the bod

"The nature of metaphysics, I suggest, conceptual synthesis. A metaphysical syste is a construct of concepts designed to a vide coherence for all 'the facts' on the lize of a theoretical model drawn from and 'the facts.' A 'metaphysical fact,' therefor is a concept which plays a key role will

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hristian understanding of the nature ne world and man's place in it has rys resorted to certain "facts" which a "key role within the system." These d, of course, occur on the plane of ary and pertain to the life, death, and ministry of Jesus of Nazareth as be facts are evaluated within the wor-

is a rejoinder to a certain school of sophy, this work performs an admirtask. It leaves the way open for furdiscussion with a different school philosophy, namely the existential-momenological movement so much in many circles of philosophical ght today.

JULES LAURENCE MOREAU

commended Tool

ORLD BOOK ENCYCLOPEDIA,

960 Edition. Field Enterprises Educaonal Corporation, Merchandise Mart aza, Chicago 54, Ill. In 20 volumes; ver 11,600 pages. Deluxe Aristocrat inding, \$179 the set.

fow does one review a 20-volume encyclopedia? More particularly, how me one review such a work for a magablike The Living Church?

ne obvious way is to read as many ossible of the articles on religious and derline subjects. At any rate, this is procedure I decided upon when I and myself confronted by the 1960 on of the World Book Encyclopedia, which been copyrighted from 1917 on, is a tiren's encyclopedia, or rather perhaps mily one, from which children and its together may expect to derive not profit but pleasure as they seek to we what makes God's world tick.

believe that W.B.E. is an encyclopethat Episcopalians will like to have and. It is not an easy matter in a alistic society to deal with religious ects accurately and yet in a manner ulated to give no offence in any quarbut the editors of W.B.E. seem to te done a superb job in this respect. xceptionally fine, I think, are the eles entitled "God" and "Religion," former getting off to a brisk start the unexceptionable definition: "God he Supreme Being, the Creator and er of the Universe, All Knowing, All verful, and Ever Present." Also to be led out for commendation are the eles, "Jesus Christ," "Christianity," "Resurrection." There are good ars on such borderline topics as "Evolu-" "Mental Health," and "Sex."

It least three well-known clergymen he Episcopal Church are represented ong the contributors: Frederick C. nt, until his recent retirement professor of New Testament at Union Theological Seminary, New York City; Sherman E. Johnson, dean, and professor of New Testament, Church Divinity School of the Pacific; and Walter H. Stowe, president of the Church Historical Society.

With the exception of some of the shorter entries, the articles are signed, sometimes by joint contributors. Thus, for example, the entry "Virgin Mary" bears after it the names Frederick C. Grant and Fulton J. Sheen.

In a work of this scope it would be practically impossible to avoid all inaccuracies and oversimplifications. Episcopalians, however, will be happy to learn that, as far as I can discover, the W.B.E. nowhere says that Henry VIII "founded" the Church of England. Another point to the editors' credit is that they always or nearly always — refer to the "Roman Catholic Church" by that title. Unfortunately, however, this usage seems to have spilled over into the statement that the "Church of England includes both Roman Catholic and Protestant teachings," in the article "Church of England," where I suspect that some conscientious but mechanically-minded editor added "Roman" to Dr. Stowe's "Catholic and Protestant teachings."

All in all, however, W.B.E. would appear to be an educational tool highly to be recommended for the American home. Certainly from its religious coverage it can be recommended to Episcopalians where there are children in the family. Its attractive format, profusion of illustrations (many of them in color), cuts, diagrams, etc., all add to its general usefulness

FRANCIS C. LIGHTBOURN

In Brief

AN ATLAS OF CHRISTIAN HISTORY. By R. S. Dell, vice principal of Ridley Hall, Cambridge. Cartographic Editor to the Publishers: H. Fullard. London: George Philip & Son. New York: Morehouse-Barlow. Pp. 22, plus index. Paper, \$1. Consists of 16 maps, in color, illustrating progress of Christian history from beginning to present, and five pages of textual introduction to the maps. In addition, brief summaries inset on map pages, thus tying in history with geography. Handy format (9" x 7½" x ½") makes it easy to carry about and open flat for use with other material.

Books Received

PARENTS AND RELIGION. A Preface to Christian Education. By J. Gordon Chamberlin. Westminster Press. Pp. 111. \$2.50.

THE MODERN USE OF THE BIBLE. By Harry Emerson Fosdick, D.D. Macmillan. Pp. 291. \$1.95. (Originally pub. 1924; now issued in Macmillan Paperbacks, \$1.95.)

PROPHET, SPEAK NOW! By Robert B. McNeill. John Knox Press. Pp. 92. \$2.50.



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Appointments Accepted

The Rev. John M. Barr, formerly rector of St. James' Church, Hendersonville, N. C., will on June 1 become rector of St. John's Church, Columbia, S. C.

The Rev. Charles G. Bennett, formerly curate at Trinity Church, Niles, Mich., is now vicar of St. Mark's Church, Paw Paw, Mich. Address: 609 E. Oak St.

The Rev. Thomas A. Bogard, formerly rector of St. Stephen's Church, Gilroy, Calif., is now rector of St. Luke's Church, Los Gatos, Calif. Address: 20 University Ave.

The Rev. Frank S. Cerveny, formerly curate at the Church of the Resurrection, Miami, Fla., is now an assistant on the staff of Trinity Church, Wall St., New York. Address: 24th Floor, 74 Trinity Pl., New York 6.

The Rev. Thomas H. Chappell, formerly headmaster of the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn., is now rector of St. Paul's Church, Brookfield Center, Conn. Address: Longmeadow Hill Rd., Brookfield Center.

The Rev. Warren I. Densmore, who has been serving as headmaster of St. Stephen's Episcopal Day School, Coconut Grove, Miami, Fla., will on July 15 become rector of the Church of the Resurrection, Miami.

The Rev. Don Raby Edwards, formerly in charge of St. Christopher's Church, Havelock, N. C., is now rector of St. Paul's Church, Wilmington, N. C.

The Rev. Stiles B. Lines, Ph.D., who was rector of Grace Church, Camden, S. C., for 14 years, is now rector of St. Paul's Church, Delray Beach, Fla. Address: Box 2244, Delray Beach.

The Rev. Michael A. Lynch, formerly rector of Trinity Church, Plattsburgh, N. Y., will on July 1 become rector of St. John's Church, Massena, N. Y. Address: 145 Main St.

The Rev. Douglas S. MacDonald, Jr., formerly

curate at the Church of the Redeemer, Pelham, N. Y., is now priest-director of Christian education at St. Paul's Church, Peoria, Ill. Address: 3601 N. North St.

The Rev. Robert I. Maurais, who has been serving as assistant at St. Andrew's Church, Tampa, Fla., will on August 1 become headmaster and chaplain of the Berkeley Preparatory School, Tampa, a newly-established private and secondary school with grades seven through twelve. Although not directly an Episcopal parochial institution, the school will offer chapel services of the Episcopal Church and base its philosophy and religion on the Church.

After June 1 Fr. and Mrs. Maurais will be addressed at 834 S. Willow Ave., Tampa 6.

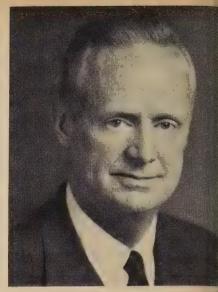
The Rev. Herbert W. Sanderson, formerly in charge of St. Peter's Church, Lyndonville, Vt., and Christ Church, Island Pond, is now rector of St. Paul's Church, Vergennes, Vt.

The Rev. Carleton J. Sweetser, who has been serving the National Council as associate director of the General Division of Laymen's Work, will on July 1 begin work as executive chaplain for the Protestant Chaplain's Committee for East Midtown Hospitals. He will have charge of work in the New York, Memorial, and Lenox Hill Hospitals.

For more than 10 years, clergy from nearby parishes have served these institutions on a regular schedule. This work will continue, but the executive chaplaincy will make it more thorough and continuous for the patients hospitalized for a long period.

Churches supporting the venture include four Presbyterian churchs, one Methodist church, one Unitarian church, one Baptist church, and the Park Avenue Christian Church. Episcopal Church support comes from the Bishop of New York, the Cathedral, and the following New York churches: St. James', St. Bartholomew's, the Epiphany, Holy Trinity, Heavenly Rest, St. Thomas', and the Resurrection.

The Rev. James W. Watkins, who has been vicar



Mr. Oliver: Appointed chancellor.

of St. Matthias' Church, Rushville, Ind., will June 1 become chaplain of Episcopal Commun. Service, San Diego, Calif.

Service, San Diego, Calif.

Fr. and Mrs. Watkins also announce the birth their second child and first son, Eric James. April 17.

Diocesan Positions

Mr. Andrew Oliver, a partner in the firm Alexander and Green, New York, has been pointed by Bishop Donegan of New York as chare lor of the diocese. Mr. Oliver lives at 165 E. S. Fifth St. on Manhattan and is the clerk of Trun Parish. He is also a vestryman of Trinity Par. and of the Church of the Resurrection, New York

Continued on page 30

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THE REGISTRAR, Dept. L EVERGREEN CONFERENCE EVERGREEN, COLORADO

Continued from page 28

and is a present and former member of a number of New York's diocesan bodies.

Of special interest is the fact that he is a direct descendant of Bishop Samuel Seabury, first bishop of the Episcopal Church in this country. Mr. Oliver succeeds the late Mr. Ludlow Fowler as chancellor.

Marriages

The Rev. James Irby Walter, rector of Trinity Church, West End, Birmingham, Ala., and Miss Katharine Massengale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Massengale, of Atlanta, were married on April 7. The Rev. Mr. Walter also recently completed a medical internship at Grady Memorial Hospital in Atlanta.

Births

The Rev. W. Michael Cassell, Jr. and Mrs. Cassell, of the Church of Our Merciful Saviour, Penns Grove, N. J., announce the birth of their second child and first daughter, Mary Anne, on March 7.

Dr. and Mrs. James Dator announce the birth of their third child, Constance, on March 24. Dr. Dator teaches at St. Paul's University, Tokyo.

The Rev. Warren H. Deane and Mrs. Deane, of Emmanuel Church, Webster Groves, Mo., announce the birth of their fourth child and third daughter, Patti Anne, on April 1.

The Rev. Hobart Jude Gary and Mrs. Gary, of St. John's Church, Southampton, N. Y., announce the birth of their third son, Andrew, on March 19.

The Rev. Robert H. Hawn and Mrs. Hawn, of the Church of the Epiphany, San Carlos, Calif., announce the birth of their third child and first daughter, Sharon Sue, on March 25.

The Rev. John W. Simons and Mrs. Simons, of the Church of St. Philip the Apostle, Cleveland, announce the birth of their second child and first daughter. Karen Margaret, on February 26.

The Rev. Herbert Alan Vermilye and Mrs. Vermilye, of Grace Church, Cortland, N. Y., announce the birth of their third child and second daughter, Anne Marie, on March 18.

The Rev. John T. Whiston and Mrs. Whiston, of St. John's Church, Green River, Wyo., announce the birth of their second child, Stephen Thayer.

Changes of Address

The Rt. Rev. G. R. Fenner, retired Bishop of Kansas, has returned from Europe and is in Vineyard Haven, Mass.

The Rt. Rev. Edward R. Welles, Bishop of West Missouri, has had a change of address for both office and residence, from 11994 Wornall Rd., R.R. 1, Grandview, Mo., to 11994 Wornall Rd., Kansas City 14, Mo.

The Rev. Donald F. Winslow, priest of the diocese of Washington who is at work in Japan, should be addressed at 48 Kawanishi-cho, Nishinomiya-Shi, Japan (rather than at Kwaguchi Christ Church Cathedral or Christ Church Cathedral, Osaka). The Winslows also announce the recent birth of their second daughter, Elizabeth.

Other Changes

Three of the clergy of the diocese of Michigan recently were honored by the chapter of the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, Detroit, when they were named honorary canons of the cathedral.

named honorary canons of the cathedral.

The Rev. Warner L. Forsyth, second priest in years of service to the diocese, was one of the three named. He retired early in April as vicar of St. John's Church, AuSable, Mich. Canon Forsyth gave up work in large and prosperous parishes to become a missioner. Under his leadership Christ Church Mission at East Tawas became a parish.

The 80-year-old mission at AuSable expects apply for parish status soon.

The Rev. Charles C. Jatho, who retired last smer as rector of St. John's Church, Royal of Mich., was also made an honorary canon. His ish's Church school became well known in diocese for its excellence; it also enrolls about 1 people each year. The Rev. Mr. Jatho is the autof several textbooks for Church schools.

The third new canon is the Rev. Dr. Malcolp Dade, who has been rector of St. Cyprian's Chiral Charles and the several descriptions of the several descriptions of the several description of the several descriptions of the several description of t

The third new canon is the Rev. Dr. Malcolp Dade, who has been rector of St. Cyprian's Chi Detroit, since 1944. His many and varied activi in addition to service on diocesan departments, I included being chairman of the legal redress of mittee of the NAACP, serving on the boys' v committee of the YMCA, and being a member of Episcopal bi-racial committee.

DEATHS

"Rest eternal grant unto them, O La and let light perpetual shine upon them

Helen Stearly Alling, daughter of late Bishop Stearly of Newark, died Montclair, N. J., on April 21st, 12 de after the death of her mother [L.C., No 7th].

Mrs. Alling was born 57 years ago in Clevels Ohio. She was graduated from Wellesley Colleg 1925. A parishioner of St. Luke's Church, Montes she was a member of the board of the House of Holy Comforter. West Orange, N. J.

she was a member of the board of the House of Holy Comforter, West Orange, N. J.
She is survived by two sons, the Rev. Freder A. Alling, a priest of the diocese of Newark William S. Alling; two daughters, Mrs. Paul Miller and Dr. Stearly Alling; a brother, the I Garrett R. Stearly (a priest of the diocese Newark); and five grandchildren.

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WANTED: Unencumbered mature women and unencumbered couples, under 60, good health, as houseparents in a private school for socially maladjusted teenage boys. No smoking or drinking. Undenominational school but an Episcopal chaplain conducts a Friday morning service in school chapel each week. Good starting salary plus full maintenance. For interview write or call Starr Commonwealth, Albion, Michigan. Phone: National 9-3988.

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TLE ROCK, ARK.

Rev. Charles Higgins, dean E. of N-S Hwy 67 1:30, 9:25, 11

17th & Spring

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Masses 8, 9, 11, MP 10:40, EP & B 5:30; 9; C Sat 4:30 & 7:30

FRANCISCO, CALIF.

#ENT 261 Fell St. Near Civic Center James T. Golder, r

Aceses: 8, 9:30, 11; Daily (ex Fri & Sat) 7:30, Sat 9; HH 1st Fri 8, C Sat 4:30-6

BHINGTON, D. C.

PAUL'S 2430 K St., N.W. Masses 8, 9:30, 11:15, Sol Ev & B 8; Mass 7; also Tues & Sat 9:30; Thurs & HD 12 noon; 45, EP 6; C Sat 5-7

AL GABLES, FLA.

HILIP'S Coral Way at Columbus a John G. Shirley, r; Rev. James R. Daughtry, c; a Ralph A. Harris, choirmaster 8 7, 8, 9:15, 11; Daily; C Sat 5

T LAUDERDALE, FLA.

SAINTS' 335 Tarpon Drive 7:30, 9, 11, & 7; Daily 7 & 5:30; Thurs & ; C Fri & Sat 4:30-5:30

ONUT GROVE, MIAMI, FLA.

TEPHEN'S
Don H. Copeland, r 2750 McFarlane Road

ANDO, FLA.

HEDRAL OF ST. LUKE Main & Jefferson Sts. Rev. Francis Campbell Gray, dean 6:30, 7:30, 9, 11; Daily 7:10; 5:45; Thurs & 0: C Sat 5-6

ANTA, GA.

SAVIOUR 1068 N. Highland Ave., N.E. Masses 7:30, 9:15, 11, Ev & B 8; Wed 7; Fri

CAGO, ILL.

TEDRAL OF ST. JAMES
In & Wabash (nearest Loop)
Rev. H. S. Kennedy, D.D., dean
3 & 9:30 HC, 11 MP, HC, & Ser; Daily 7:15
7:30 HC, also Wed 10; Thurs 6:30; (Mon-Fri) Int 12:10, 5:15 EP

1133 N. LaSalle Street NSION F. William Orrick

MP 7:45, Masses 8, 9, & 11, EP **7:30;** Wkdys: 5:45, Mass 7, EP **5:30;** Fri & Sat Mass 7 & C Sat **4:30-5:30** & **7:30-8:30**

NSTON, ILL.

Hinman & Lee Streets H Eu 7:30, 9, 11, MP 8:30, EP 12:30; <adays: H Eu 7; also Wed 6:15 & 10; also Fri ruiem) 7:30; also Sat 10; MP 8:30, EP 5:30; : 4:30-5:30, 7:30-8:30 & by appt

URY-WESTERN THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY et of St. John the Divine

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BOSTON, MASS.

ALL SAINTS' at Ashmont Station, Dorchester Rev. S. Emerson, Rev. T. J. Hayden, Rev. D. F. Burr Sun 7:30, 9 (sung), 11 Sol & Ser, 5:30 EP; Daily 7 ex Sat 8:30; EP 5:45, C Sat 5 & 8, Sun 8:30

ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOLY COMMUNION 7401 Delmar Blvd. Rev. W. W. S. Hohenschild, S.T.D., r Sun HC 8, 9, 11, 1S, MP; HC Tues 7, Wed 10

LAS VEGAS, NEV.

CHRIST CHURCH 2000 Maryland Parkway Rev. Tally H. Jarrett; Rev. H. Finkenstaedt, Jr. Sun HC 8, 9:15, 11, EP 5:30; Daily HC 7:15, EP 5:30

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ST. ANDREW'S 3107 Main Street at Highgate Rev. Thomas R. Gibson, r Sun Masses 8, 9:30, 11:15; Daily 7, ex Thurs 10; C Sat 4:30-5:30 & by appt

NEW YORK, N.Y.

CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE 112th St. and Amsterdam Ave.
Sun: HC 7, 8, 9, 10; MP HC & Ser 11; Ev & Ser 4; Wkdys: MP & HC 7:15 (& 10 Wed); EP 5

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Park Ave. and 51st St. Rev. Terence J. Finlay, D.D., r 8, 9:30 HC, 11 Morning Service & Ser, 9:30 & 11, Ch S, 4 EP (Spec Music); Weekdays HC Tues 12:10; Wed & Saints' Days 8; Thurs 12:10; Organ Recitals Wed 12:10; EP Daily 5:45. Church open daily for

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ST. IGNATIUS' Rev. Charles A. Weatherby, r 87th Street, one block west of Broadway

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ST. MARY THE VIRGIN Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D. 46th St. between 6th and 7th Aves.

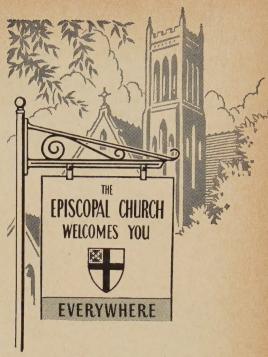
Sun: Low Masses 7, 8, 9, (Sung), 10; High Mass 11; B 8; Weekdays: Low Masses 7, 8, 9:30; Fri 12:10; C Thurs 4:30-5:30, Fri 12-1, 4:30-5:30, 7-8, Sat 2-5, 7-9

RESURRECTION 115 East 74th Rev. A. A. Chambers, S.T.D., r; Rev. C. O. Moore, c Sun Masses: 8, 9 (Sung) & 11 (Sol); Daily 7:30 ex Sat; Wed & Sat 10; C Sat 5-6

ST. THOMAS
Sth Avenue & 53rd Street Rev. Frederick M. Morris, D.D., r Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11 (15) MP 11; Daily ex Sat HC 8:15; Tues 12:10; Wed 5:30; Thurs 11; HD 12:10

THE PARISH OF TRINITY CHURCH Rev. John Heuss, D.D., r

TRINITY
Rev. Bernard C. Newman, S.T.D., v
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MP 7:45, HC 8, 12, Ser 12:30 Tues, Wed & Thurs,
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NEW YORK, N. Y. (Cont'd)

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Broadway & 155th St.
Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, S.T.D., v
Sun 8, 9, 11; Weekdays HC Mon 10, Tues 8:15,
Wed 10, 6:15, Thurs 7, Fri 10, Sat 8, MP 15
minutes before HC, Int 12 noon, EP 8 ex Wed 6:15, Sat 5

ST. LUKE'S CHAPEL 487 Hudson St. Rev. Paul C. Weed, Jr., v Sun HC 8, 9:15 & 11; Daily HC 7 & 8; C Sat 5-6, 8-9, & by appt

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHAPEL 292 Henry St. Rev. Wm. W. Reed, v; Rev. Thomas P. Logan, p-in-c Sun HC 8, 9, 10 (Spanish), 11:30 Sol High Mass and Ser; Daily: HC 7:30 ex Thurs 9:30, 6:30; Sat 9:30, EP 5; C Sat 4-5, 6:30-7:30 & by appt

ST. CHRISTOPHER'S CHAPEL 48 Henry Street Rev. Wm. W. Reed, v; Rev. Wm. D. Dwyer, p-in-c Sun MP 7:45, HC 8, 9:30, 11 (Spanish), EP 5:15; Mon - Thurs MP 7:45, HC 8 & Thurs 5:30; Fri MP 8:45, HC 9; Sat MP 9:15, HC 9:30; EP Daily 5:15; C Sat 4-5, 6:30-7:30 & by appt

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ST. MARK'S Locust St. between 16th and 17th Sts. Sun HC 8, 9, 11, EP 5:30; Daily 7:45, 5:30; Thurs & Sat 9:30; Wed & Fri 12:10; C Fri 4:30-5:30, Sat 12-1

RICHMOND, VA.

ST. LUKE'S Cowardin Ave. & Bainbridge St. Rev. Walter F. Hendricks, Jr., r

Sun Masses: 7:30, 11, Mat & Ch S 9:30; Mass deily 7 ex Tues & Thurs 10; Sol Ev & Devotions 1st Fri 8; Holy Unction 2d Thurs 10:30; C Sat 4-5

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.

ST. THOMAS' Rev. Edgar Tiffany (near) The Greenbrier Sun 8, HC; 11 MP & Ser (1st HC)

KEY—Light face type denotes AM, black face PM; add, address; anno, announced; AC, Ante-Communion; appt, appointment; B, Benediction; C, Confessions; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; d, deacon; d. r. e., director of religious education; EP, Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist; EV, Evensong; ex, except; 1S, first Sunday; HC, Holy Communion; HD, Holy Days; HH, Holy Hour; Instr., Instructions; Int, Intercessions; Lit, Litany; Mat, Matins; MP, Morning Prayer; P, Penance; r, rector; r-em, rector-emeritus; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young People's Fellowship.



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